

# WATER REGULATORY INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR MINOR AND INTERMEDIATE RETAILERS

Water Industry Guideline No. 3 (WG3/04)

July 2015



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## PART A - PRELIMINARIES

## 1 NATURE OF THE GUIDELINE

#### 1.1 Introduction

1.1.1 The **Commission** has made this Guideline, pursuant to section 8 of the Essential Services Commission Act 2002 (**ESC Act**), to specify requirements for **Minor** and **Intermediate Retailers** for the collection, allocation, recording and reporting to the **Commission** of regulated business data in accordance with the operational and financial reporting schedules contained in this Guideline.

## 1.2 Purpose of the Guideline

- 1.2.1 The **Commission** is established under the **ESC Act** as a regulator of certain essential services in South Australia, with the primary objective of protecting the long-term interests of South Australian consumers with respect to the price, quality and reliability of those essential services.
- 1.2.2 The **WI Act** provides that the water industry is declared to constitute a regulated industry for the purposes of the **ESC Act**. This enlivens the **Commission's** general regulatory powers under the **ESC Act**.
- 1.2.3 The **WI Act** provides that the **Commission** must make a **retailer** subject to certain conditions including conditions requiring:
  - (a) compliance with applicable codes or rules made under the **ESC Act** in force from time to time;
  - (b) a **retailer** to maintain specific accounting records and to prepare accounts according to specified principles;
  - a retailer to monitor and report as required by the Commission on indicators of service performance determined by the Commission;
     and
  - (d) a retailer to provide, in the manner and form determined by the Commission, such other information as the Commission may from time to time require.

#### 1.2.4 This Guideline's content:

- (a) details the nature of information that the **Commission** requires in order to monitor a **retailer's** performance;
- (b) explains the way in which a **retailer** must prepare separate accounts and maintain its accounting records; and
- (c) outlines a mechanism by which this and any other information that may be required by the **Commission** to fulfil its obligations and functions, may be collected from a **retailer**.

1.2.5 Information collected under this Guideline will be used for regulatory purposes such as monitoring and reporting.

## 1.3 Application

- 1.3.1 This Guideline applies to all **Minor** and **Intermediate Retailers** except to the extent that the **Commission** agrees in writing to alternative reporting arrangements.
- 1.3.2 This Guideline is a minimum requirement and the obligation of a **retailer** to comply with this Guideline is additional to any obligation imposed under any other law applying to a **retailer's** business and does not derogate from such an obligation.
- 1.3.3 The **ESC Act, retail licences** and **industry codes** issued and made by the **Commission** also provide separate specific information gathering provisions to facilitate the provision of information to the **Commission** by a **retailer**.

## 1.4 Definitions and interpretation

- 1.4.1 For the purposes of interpreting this Guideline:
  - (a) words and phrases presented in a bold font such as this are defined in the Glossary;
  - (b) a word or phrase not defined in the Glossary will have the meaning given by the **WI Act**, the **ESC Act** or any other relevant regulatory instrument (as the case may be);
  - (c) a reference to this Guideline includes its appendices, annexures and schedules;
  - (d) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
  - (e) any heading, index or table of contents is for convenience only and does not affect the construction or interpretation of this Guideline;
  - (f) a reference to any legislation or regulatory instrument includes:
    - (i) all regulations, orders or instruments issued under the legislation or regulatory instrument; and
    - (ii) any modification, consolidation, amendment, re-enactment, replacement or codification of such legislation or regulatory instrument;
  - (g) a reference to a retailer includes, without limitation, that retailer's administrators, successors, substitutes (including, without limitation, persons taking by novation) and permitted assigns; and
  - (h) where an act is required to be done pursuant to this Guideline on, or by, a stipulated day which is not a **business day**, the act may be done on the following **business day**.

1.4.2 Explanations in this Guideline as to why certain information is required are for guidance only. They do not, in any way, limit the **Commission's** objectives, functions or powers.

## 1.5 Processes for revision

- 1.5.1 The **Commission** may, at its absolute discretion, amend or vary this Guideline from time to time when it considers such action necessary in order to meet the needs of a **retailer**, South Australian water industry **customers** or the **Commission**.
- 1.5.2 The **Commission** will undertake consultation with relevant **retailers** and other stakeholders as necessary in accordance with the **Commission's**Charter of Consultation and Regulatory Practice before making any significant revisions to this Guideline. If the amendments are of a routine nature, or required by law, the **Commission** may elect to modify the Guideline without consultation.
- 1.5.3 For all revisions to this Guideline, a commencement date will be nominated on the Amendment Record on the inside front page. The **Commission** will generally give a **retailer** not less than 45 days' prior notice of the commencement of any significant revisions of this Guideline.

## 1.6 Input from interested parties

1.6.1 The **Commission** welcomes comments, discussion, or suggestions for amendments to this Guideline from any interested party. Any contributions should be addressed to:

Essential Services Commission of South Australia GPO Box 2605 Adelaide SA 5001

Telephone: (08) 8463 4444

E-mail: escosa@escosa.sa.gov.au

## 2 GENERAL PRINCIPLES OF PREPARATION

## 2.1 Substance to prevail over legal form

- 2.1.1 All information reported to the **Commission** shall report the substance of transactions and events.
- 2.1.2 Where substance and legal form differ, the substance rather than the legal form of a transaction or event shall be reported.
- 2.1.3 In determining the substance of a transaction or events, all its aspects and implications shall be considered, including the expectations of and motivations for, the transaction or event.
- 2.1.4 For the purposes of determining the substance of a transaction or event, a group or series of transactions or events that achieves, or is designed to achieve, an overall commercial effect shall be viewed in aggregate.

## 2.2 Information provided shall be verifiable

- 2.2.1 A **retailer** must maintain accounting and other records and reporting arrangements which enable:
  - (a) separate regulatory accounting statements to be prepared;
  - (b) Operating Performance metrics to be measured; and
  - (c) information used in the preparation of **regulatory accounting statements** and Operating Performance metrics to be verified.

## 2.3 Materiality

2.3.1 The **Commission** will deem an item or event to be material if its omission, misstatement or non-disclosure has the potential to prejudice the understanding of a **retailer's** financial or operational position, or the nature of the business activities of the **regulated business segment**, gained by reading the **regulatory reporting statements**.

## 2.4 Warranty of the accuracy of submitted information and data

2.4.1 The accuracy of data and information provided in the reports prepared in accordance with this Guideline must be warranted in accordance with the requirements of clause 3.6.3 of **Water Industry Guideline No. 1**. For the avoidance of doubt, signing the Annual Compliance Report, as set out in Annexure D of **Water Industry Guideline No. 1**, also warranties the accuracy of all data and information reported by a **retailer** in accordance with this Guideline.

## 2.5 Quality assurance requirements

2.5.1 All data provided to the **Commission** under this Guideline must present a true and accurate representation of relevant circumstances, transactions or events

as at the final day of a relevant reporting period, except where an alternative time period is expressed in this Guideline or by the **Commission**.

#### 2.5.2 The **retail licences** provide that:

- (a) a retailer must undertake periodic audits of its operations authorised by the retail licence and of its compliance with its obligations under the retail licence and any applicable industry codes in accordance with the requirements of any applicable guideline issued by the Commission for this purpose;
- (b) the **Commission** may require that the audits be undertaken by an independent expert or **auditors** approved by the **Commission**; and
- (c) the results of the audits must be reported to the **Commission**, in a manner approved by the **Commission**.
- 2.5.3 Where the **Commission** requires independent assurance on any information submitted under this Guideline not covered under the section above, the **Commission** will give written notice to a **retailer** specifying the required scope of independent assurance, the time by which that assurance is to be provided and the form of the assurance report.
- 2.5.4 Independent assurance that is to be obtained by the **Commission** under this Guideline should be consistent with the requirements, where relevant, of **Water Industry Guideline No. 1**.

#### 2.6 Data variations

- 2.6.1 A **retailer** must report a variation to data previously submitted to the **Commission** in circumstances where an error has been discovered in the data previously reported.
- 2.6.2 A **retailer's** data variation report must:
  - (a) be in the format advised by the **Commission**; and
  - (b) be acknowledged and explained, including reasons for the variation, in a covering letter accompanying the data variations template.
- 2.6.3 A copy of the data variation report must be sent electronically to the **Commission** at *reporting@escosa.sa.gov.au*.

## PART B - FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

# 3 PRINCIPLES OF PREPARATION FOR FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

## 3.1 Accounting principles and policies

- 3.1.1 A **retailer** must disclose to the **Commission** any **regulatory accounting principles and policies** used that are additional to, or in place of, the accounting principles and policies used to prepare the **statutory accounts**.
- 3.1.2 **Regulatory accounting principles and policies** must be selected and applied by a retailer:
  - (a) such that there is a recognisable and rational economic basis that underlies their utilisation; and
  - (b) in a manner that ensures that the resultant financial information satisfies the concepts of relevance and reliability, thereby ensuring that the substance of the underlying transactions and events is reported.
- 3.1.3 Regulatory accounting principles and policies must be disclosed to the Commission in a manner that ensures that the Commission is able to understand the resultant regulatory accounting statements and can make comparisons between them over time.
- 3.1.4 **Regulatory accounting principles and policies** must conform to Australian Accounting Standards where those Standards are applicable, unless specified elsewise in this Guideline.
- 3.1.5 If material changes to the **regulatory accounting principles and policies** used are made, a retailer must restate prior period's regulatory accounting statements as if the changed regulatory accounting principles and policies applied in the prior periods.

## 3.2 Principle of disaggregation

- 3.2.1 This Guideline has been drafted on the basis that a **retailer's regulated** services are encompassed by a single set of **statutory accounts**. A **retailer** must inform the **Commission** if this is not the case.
- 3.2.2 **Regulatory accounting statements** are to be prepared by disaggregating statutory account information into regulated services and unregulated services.
- 3.2.3 The **regulatory accounting statements** are to be split into amounts attributable to different **regulated business segments** as set out in the proformas in Schedule 1.
- 3.2.4 The allocation of amounts between **regulated** and **unregulated services**, and between **regulated business segments**, should be made in accordance with the allocation principles in clause 3.3.

## 3.3 Allocation principles

- 3.3.1 The principles below should be followed in allocating costs in the production of regulatory accounting statements.
- 3.3.2 Amounts which are directly attributable to:
  - (a) regulated services are assigned to regulated services;
  - (b) a regulated business segment are assigned to that regulated business segment;
  - (c) an activity area are assigned to that activity area;
  - (d) a revenue source are assigned to that revenue source;
  - (e) a cost driver are assigned to that cost driver; or
  - (f) an asset category are assigned to that asset category.
- 3.3.3 Amounts which are not directly attributable to **regulated services**, a **regulated business segment**, an **activity area**, a **revenue source**, a **cost driver** or an **asset category** must be allocated on a causal basis, except where a causal relationship cannot be reasonably established. Items may be allocated on a non-causal basis provided that:
  - (a) there is likely to be a strong positive correlation between the non-causal basis and the actual cause of resource or service consumption or utilisation that those costs represent; or
  - (b) the cost to derive the causal allocation outweighs the benefits of allocating items on that basis; and
  - (c) the aggregate of all amounts allocated on a non-causal basis is not material to the **regulatory accounting statements**.
- 3.3.4 For amounts allocated per clause 3.3.3, a supporting working paper shall be provided that describes:
  - (a) the amounts that have been allocated;
  - (b) a description of the allocation basis; and
  - (c) the numeric quantity of each allocator.
- 3.3.5 The **Commission** may require further information, or investigate a **retailer's** bases of allocation:
  - (a) to establish their causality;
  - (b) to approve non-causal bases of allocation; or
  - (c) where the use of non-causal bases of allocation by a **retailer** is more than incidental.

## 3.4 Account headings

3.4.1 The proformas in Schedule 1 of this Guideline specify for the **regulatory** accounting statements:

- (a) minimum disclosure requirements; and
- (b) mandatory headings.
- 3.4.2 A **retailer** may, within the context of the **mandatory headings**, define **discretionary headings** that are most appropriate to conveying an understanding of a **retailer's** business. Modification to the proforma reports, if any, shall not significantly reduce or alter the nature or description of **account headings**. The level of disclosure shall remain relevant and reliable and must be sufficient to provide the **Commission** with financial information that is both comparable and understandable.
- 3.4.3 **Discretionary headings** shall be in accordance with, or be traceable to, the account headings denoted in a retailer's general ledger or chart of accounts that underpin its statutory accounts.
- 3.4.4 Subject to the provisions of this section, the **discretionary headings** applied by a **retailer** to the first set of **regulatory accounting statements** shall be applied consistently by a **retailer** to subsequent **regulatory accounting statements**, unless
  - (a) a revision of this Guideline should require a change to **account headings**; or
  - (b) a retailer believes different discretionary headings will convey a more appropriate understanding of a retailer's business. If this is so, a retailer should include an explanation of the relationships between revised account headings and their predecessors.

## 3.5 Regulatory accounting periods

- 3.5.1 A retailer's regulatory accounting periods shall correspond to those of its statutory accounts.
- 3.5.2 A **retailer** shall notify the **Commission** of any change in its **regulatory accounting date** in advance of any such change.
- 3.5.3 A retailer's regulatory accounting periods shall cover a continuous period.
- 3.5.4 A retailer's **regulatory accounting statements** shall be reported to the Commission within 5 months of the end of the regulatory accounting period.

#### 3.6 Books and records

- 3.6.1 A **retailer** shall keep books and records that:
  - (a) correctly record and explain the transactions and financial position of any regulated business segment; and
  - (b) enable financial information to be prepared in accordance with this Guideline.
- 3.6.2 A **retailer** shall ensure that books and records from which the **statutory accounts** are prepared are retained for a period of seven years.

### 3.7 Errors and omissions

- 3.7.1 A **retailer** shall disclose material prior period errors as soon as practicable and no later than in the first **regulatory accounting statements** prepared after their discovery.
- 3.7.2 In applying this clause, a **retailer** shall disclose to the **Commission**:
  - (a) a full description of each prior period error; and
  - (b) for each prior **regulatory accounting period** affected, the amount of the correction for each **regulatory accounting statement** line item affected.
- 3.7.3 The **Commission** may require a **retailer** to retrospectively restate sections of the **regulatory accounting statements** in respect of the **regulatory accounting periods** in which the errors occurred.

# 4 INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

## 4.1 Use of proformas to report information

- 4.1.1 The Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1 set out the financial information that has been identified by the **Commission** as necessary for the purpose of performing its statutory functions.
- 4.1.2 Clause 3.5.4 details the **Commission's** timing requirements for the provision of **regulatory accounting statements** to the **Commission** by **retailers**.
- 4.1.3 Where the **Commission** needs to change the nature, context or scope of routine financial information it requires **retailers** to provide, it will provide additional or amended Financial Reporting Proformas.

## 4.2 Summary of reporting requirements

- 4.2.1 A **retailer** must prepare **regulatory accounting statements** in accordance with the proformas in Schedule 1 and the specific requirements in this Guideline in respect of each 12 month regulatory accounting period.
- 4.2.2 In respect of the **regulatory accounting statements**, a **retailer** must unless agreed in writing with the **Commission**, by no later than 30 November immediately following the start of each regulatory year submit to the **Commission** an electronic copy of:
  - (a) **regulatory accounting statements**, including disaggregation statements and other workpapers;
  - (b) the audited **statutory accounts** of the Entity or Entities that have been disaggregated to provide the **regulatory accounting statements**; and
  - (c) the **regulatory accounting principles and policies** and any details of changes or developments, as referred to in clause 3.1.
- 4.2.3 Where required by the templates, a **retailer** must prepare explanatory notes which explain the basis of the information recorded in the **regulatory** accounting statements.

## 4.3 Disaggregation statements

- 4.3.1 A **retailer** shall prepare **disaggregation statements**, as required by the disaggregation principles in clause 3.2, for the Income Statement and for disclosure of asset information as set out in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1.
- 4.3.2 A **retailer** must provide an audit trail to evidence the disaggregation of the **statutory accounts** into **regulated** and **unregulated services.**

#### 4.4 Income

- 4.4.1 A **retailer** must allocate income items between the **regulated business segments** as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1.
- 4.4.2 For revenue allocated to each **regulated business segment** a **retailer** must further allocate this revenue between the **revenue sources mandatory headings** as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1. The use of **discretionary headings** must be in accordance with clause 3.4.

### 4.5 Operating costs

- 4.5.1 A **retailer** must allocate operating cost items between the **regulated business segments** as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1.
- 4.5.2 For operating costs allocated to each regulated business segment a retailer must further allocate these operating costs between the activity area mandatory headings as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1. The use of discretionary headings must be in accordance with clause 3.4.

## 4.6 Capital expenditure

- 4.6.1 A **retailer** must allocate capital expenditure items between the **regulated business segments** as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1.
- 4.6.2 For capital expenditure allocated to each **regulated business segment** a **retailer** must further allocate this capital expenditure between the **cost drivers** and **asset categories mandatory headings** as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1. The use of **discretionary headings** must be in accordance with clause 3.4.

## 4.7 Asset information

4.7.1 A **retailer** must allocate asset related balances between the **regulated business segments** as listed in the Financial Reporting Proformas in Schedule 1.

## SCHEDULE 1 FINANCIAL REPORTING PROFORMAS

## PROFORMA FR1.1 – Statutory and regulated income statement

	Audited Statutory Accounts <sup>1</sup> (\$)	Regulated Services (Water and Sewerage Retail Services Only) <sup>2</sup> (\$)
INCOME		
Rates		
Statutory charges		
User charges		
Grants, subsidies and contributions		
Investment income		
Reimbursements		
Other income		
Net gain - joint ventures and associates		
Total Income		
EXPENSES		
Employee costs		
Materials, contracts and other services		
Depreciation		
Finance costs		
Net loss - joint ventures and associates		
Total Expenses		
OPERATING SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		
Asset disposal and fair value adjustments		
Amounts received specifically for new and upgraded assets		
Physical resources received free of charge		
Operating result from discontinued operations		
NET SURPLUS/(DEFICIT)		

- 1. Audited **statutory accounts** means the entity's financial statements that contain the entirety of the activities of a **retailer's** water and sewerage retail business
- 2. Water and Sewerage **Retail Services** means **retail services** as defined in section 4 of the Water Industry Act 2012

# PROFORMA FR1.2 – Regulatory income and operating cost analysis (water and sewerage services only)

	REGULATED BUSINESS SEGMENT					
	Drinking Water (current year) (\$)	Sewerage and trade waste (current year) (\$)	Non-Drinking Water (current year) (\$)	TOTAL (current year) (\$)		
OPERATING COSTS (by Activity Area)						
Operations and maintenance						
Bulk charges						
Treatment						
Customer service and billing						
Licence fees						
Corporate overheads						
Depreciation						
Other operating expenditure						
<b>Total Operating Costs</b>						
OPERATING INCOME (by Revenue Source)						
Residential from usage charges						
Residential from other charges						
Non-residential from usage charges						
Non-residential from other charges						
Other operating income						
Total Operating Income						
CAPITAL INCOME (by Revenue Source)						
Amounts received specifically for new and upgraded assets:						
Government Contributions						
<b>Customer</b> Contributions						
Physical resources received free of charge:						
Government Contributions						
Customer Contributions						
Total Capital Income						

- 1. Water and Sewerage Services means retail services as defined in section 4 of the Water Industry Act 2012
- 2. Non-Drinking Water includes recycled water and stormwater. If more than one type of Non-Drinking Water service is provided by a retailer, i.e. recycled water and stormwater, amounts for each service should be separately disclosed
- 3. Where a retailer operates more than one CWMS, it is not necessary to separately disclose the income and costs from each CWMS
- 4. Corporate overheads are an assessed proportion of council or parent company costs that are "allocated" to the water or sewage business functions
- 5. Total Operating Costs must equal Total Expenses in Proforma FR1.1
- 6. Total Operating Income must equal Total Income for "Water & Sewerage **Retail Services**" in Proforma FR1.1

## PROFORMA FR2.1 – Regulatory asset schedule (water & sewerage services only)

	Previous year (\$)			Current year (\$)				
Asset Values - Water and Sewerage Services only	At Fair Value	At Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Amount	At Fair Value	At Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Carrying Amount
Drinking water								
Sewerage and trade waste								
Non-Drinking water								
TOTAL								

	Previous year (\$)		Carrying Amount Movements During Year (\$)						Current year (\$)	
	Carrying Amount		Additions (by Cost Driver)		Disposals	Depreciation	Transfer	Net Revaluation	Carrying Amount	
		1	New/Upgrade		Renewals					
Asset Values - Water and Sewerage Services only		Growth	Improved Standards	Compliance						
Drinking water  Sewerage and trade waste  Non-Drinking water										
TOTAL										

#### **General Guidance:**

1. Water and Sewerage Services means **retail services** as defined in section 4 of the Water Industry Act 2012

2. Non-Drinking Water includes recycled water and stormwater. If more than one type of Non-Drinking Water service is provided by a retailer, i.e. recycled water and stormwater, amounts for each service should be separately disclosed

## PROFORMA FR2.2 – Additional regulatory capital expenditure analysis (water & sewerage services only)

	RE			
	Drinking Water (current year) (\$)	Sewerage and trade waste (current year) (\$)	Non-Drinking Water (current year) (\$)	TOTAL (current year) (\$)
CAPITAL EXPENDITURE (by Asset Categories)				
Water Storage				
Pipeworks/network				
Treatment				
Corporate				
Other				
Total Additions				

- 1. Water and Sewerage Services means retail services as defined in section 4 of the Water Industry Act 2012
- 2. Non-Drinking Water includes recycled water and stormwater. If more than one type of Non-Drinking Water service is provided by a retailer, i.e. recycled water and stormwater, amounts for each service should be separately disclosed
- 3. Total Additions must equal the sum of New/Upgrade and Renewals additions in Proforma FR2.1

# PART C – OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

# 5 INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE REPORTING

## 5.1 Use of proformas to report information

- 5.1.1 The Operational Performance Proformas in Schedule 2 set out the categories of statistical information that have been identified by the **Commission** as necessary for the purpose of performing its statutory functions.
- 5.1.2 Those Operational Performance Proformas specify how information is to be reported to the **Commission**, including general guidance notes where relevant.
- 5.1.3 Clause 5.3 details the **Commission's** timing requirements for the provision of reports by a **retailer** to the **Commission**.
- 5.1.4 Where the **Commission** needs to change the nature, context or scope of routine information a **retailer** is required to provide, it will provide additional or amended Operational Performance Proformas in Schedule 2.

## 5.2 Additional information requirements

- 5.2.1 The **Commission** may from time to time require additional performance measures to be reported by a **retailer** outside of those specified in the Operational Performance Proformas.
- 5.2.2 When seeking such information, the **Commission** will provide a **retailer** with a notice in writing setting out:
  - (a) the **Commission's** information requirements;
  - (b) the scope of any quality assurance that may be required; and
  - (c) the time by which the information is to be provided.

## 5.3 Annual Reporting

- 5.3.1 The **Commission** has determined that **retailers** to whom this guideline applies need only provide an **annual operational report** to the **Commission** in respect of each 12 month period 1 July to 30 June.
- 5.3.2 In respect of the **annual operational report**, a **retailer** must unless agreed in writing with the **Commission**, by no later than 30 November immediately following the end of each regulatory year, submit to the **Commission**:
  - (a) an electronic copy of the report using the **Commission's** reporting template;
  - (b) ensure that the report conforms with the relevant Operational Performance Proformas and guidance notes in Schedule 2; and
  - (c) any other report or information identified by the **Commission**.

# SCHEDULE 2 OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE PROFORMAS

## PROFORMA OP1.1 – Customer complaints

	ANNUAL
Number of water service complaints	
Number of sewerage service complaints (including CWMS)	
Number of other complaints	
Total water and sewerage service complaints (including CWMS)	

- 1. **Complaints** include **complaints** received by a **retailer** in person, by mail, fax, phone, email, text messaging or on a social media page or account administered by **a retailer**.
- 2. **Customer enquiries** should not be included in **complaint** numbers.
- 3. **Complaints** about third parties over which a **retailer** has no control should not be counted as **complaints**, **complaints** about third parties where a **retailer** does have control (i.e. contractors) should be included.
- 4. **Complaints** from separate **customers** arising from the same cause count as separate **complaints**.
- 5. The **Commission** will convert to '**complaints** per 100 **customers**' using the number of account holders statistic collected under the Statistical Information component of this Guideline.

## PROFORMA OP2.1 – Restrictions & legal action for non-payment

	ANNUAL
Number of water restrictions applied for non-payment of water bill:	
Total residential:	
- financial hardship program	
Total non-residential	
Number of water restrictions applied for non-payment removals at the same premises in the same name within 7 days of restrictions applied for non-payment of water bill:	
Total residential:	
- financial hardship program	
Total non-residential	
Number of legal actions undertaken for non-payment of water or sewerage (including <b>CWMS</b> ):	
Total residential:	
- financial hardship program	
Total non-residential	

- 1. Clause 6 of the **Water Retail Code** sets out the obligations of a **retailer** in respect of **restriction** of water services due to non-payment.
- 2. Water restrictions cover the restriction of any water services (e.g. drinking water and non-drinking water).
- 3. For the purposes of this measure **CWMS** is treated as if it were a sewerage service.
- 4. Total number of water restrictions applied for non-payment of a water bill does not include:
  - Where a business threatens to restrict a supply, but does not undertake the fitting of a restrictor;
  - Disconnections carried out due to unsafe infrastructure connected to the water utility's system
  - Customers who choose to disconnect from a retailer's supply.
- 5. Legal action commences from issue of summons. It does not include where a **retailer** threatens to take legal action, but does not proceed.
- 6. Multiple **restrictions**, disconnections and legal actions for one **customer** should be counted as separate occasions.
- 7. This metric requires measures for **residential customers** to be categorised as follows:
  - Total as indicated represents the total number of **residential customers** affected by the action, including those **customers** that are reported in the **financial hardship** program category.
  - financial hardship program represents those customers that are either in a financial hardship
    program, or were in a financial hardship program, immediately prior to the action occurring (i.e.
    restriction or legal action)

## PROFORMA OP2.2 – Financial support measures

	ANNUAL
Total number of <b>residential customers</b> participating in a <b>financial hardship program</b> as at 30 June	
Number of <b>residential customers</b> who entered the <b>financial hardship program</b> during the year	
Number of <b>residential customers</b> who successfully exited the <b>financial hardship program</b> during the year	
Total number customers on flexible payment arrangements as at 30 June:	
residential	
non-residential	
Total number of <b>residential customers</b> receiving a water <b>concession</b> as at 30 June	
Total number of <b>residential customers</b> receiving a sewerage <b>concession</b> as at 30 June	

- 1. The Water Retail Code (clause 3.5) sets out obligations on retailers to have an approved hardship policy.
- 2. The **Water Retail Code** (clause 5.4) sets out obligations on **retailers** to offer a range of assistance measures prior to undertaking a **restriction** of water services.
- 3. The total number of **residential customers** receiving a **concession** means all **customers** receiving a **concession**, including **residential customers** participating in a **financial hardship** (**customer** hardship) program.

## PROFORMA OP3.1 – Water infrastructure reliability

	Annual			
	DRINKING WATER	NON DRINKING WATER		
Total number of planned interruptions				
Total number of unplanned interruptions				
Number of customers with 3 or more <b>unplanned interruptions</b> per year - annual				
Number of customers affected by unplanned interruptions				
Average duration of an <b>unplanned interruptions</b> (minutes) – annual				
Total number of water main breaks				

- 1. Non-Drinking Water includes recycled water and stormwater. If more than one type of Non-Drinking Water service is provided by a retailer, i.e. recycled water and stormwater, amounts do not need to be separately disclosed (in OP3.1)
- 2. Average duration of **unplanned interruptions** = Total minutes off water supply/total number of **customers** affected.
- 3. Water main breaks excludes those in the **property service** (i.e. mains to meter **connection**) and weeps or seepages associated with above ground mains that can be fixed without shutting down the main.
- 4. Events dealt with under water service planned and unplanned interruptions are confined to events that cause a total loss of water supply to one or more customers. Interruptions do not include those caused by bursts or leaks in the property service (mains to meter connection), unless the property connections are owned or maintained by the water utility, or the burst or leak requires the mains to be shut down for repair.
- 5. Where it is not possible to distinguish between individual water types, then the details required of Proforma OP3.1 should be completed for the predominant water type, with separate advice provided to the **Commission** that specific information covers more than one water type, listing the water types and the estimated proportion of each water type.

## PROFORMA OP3.2 – Sewerage infrastructure reliability

	ANNUAL
	SEWERAGE (INCLUDING CWMS)
Total number of <b>planned interruptions</b>	
Total number of unplanned interruptions	
Number of <b>customers</b> with 3 or more unplanned full loss events per year - annual	
Total duration of unplanned sewerage interruption (minutes)	
Total number of sewerage mains breaks and chokes	
Sewerage Overflow:	
Total number of inside building overflow events	
Total number of outside building (on <b>customer's</b> property) overflow events	
Total number of external overflow events	

- 1. Sewerage mains breaks and chokes includes:
  - all gravity sewer mains;
  - all pressure mains (including common effluent pipelines, rising mains etc);
  - all vacuum system mains of any diameter.
- 2. Sewerage mains breaks and chokes excludes:
  - property connection sewers;
  - pipelines carrying treated effluent; and
  - recycled water distribution and reticulated mains delivery water for urban areas; such mains are to be reported as water mains.
- 3. Sewerage service **planned** and **unplanned interruptions** are any events causing a significant reduction of sewerage service due to any cause. Interruptions <u>exclude</u> those caused by breaks or chokes in the property connection sewer.

# PROFORMA OP4.1 – Statistical Information

OP4.1(A)	
CUSTOMER NUMBERS	AS AT 30 JUNE
Drinking water:	
Residential customers	
Non-residential customers	
Non-drinking water:	
Residential customers	
Non-residential customers	
Sewerage (excluding <b>CWMS</b> ):	
Residential customers	
Non-residential customers	
CWMS:	
Residential customers	
Non-residential customers	

OP4.1(B)	
SALES (ML)	Annual
Volume of drinking water supplied	
Residential customers	
Non-residential customers	
Volume of non-drinking water supplied	
Residential customers	
Non-residential customers	
Total volume of other water supplied	

OP4.1(c)	AS AT 30 JUNE
Assets	
Drinking water:	
Length of mains (km)	
Non-drinking water:	
Length of mains (km)	
Sewerage (including <b>CWMS</b> ):	
Length of mains (km)	

OP4.1(D)	As at 30 June
Miscellaneous	
Life support <b>customers</b> :	
Number of connected properties registered pursuant to clause 3.5 of the Water Retail Code	
Connections:	
Total number of water connections	•
Total number of sewer connections	•

- 1. Other than for sales, the statistics are to be reported as at 30 June. That is, most of these statistics are for a 'point in time.'
- 2. Non-Drinking Water includes recycled water and stormwater. If more than one type of Non-Drinking Water service is provided by a retailer, i.e. recycled water and stormwater, amounts for each service should be separately disclosed.
- 3. For the purposes of this metric, the number of **customers** is determined by the number of account holders.
- 4. In the case of **CWMS**, the volume of 'sewerage' reported would cover the volume of effluent collected through the system excluding any sewerage collected through emptying domestic septic tanks.
- 5. In the case of multiple water services being provided through shared infrastructure, then the details required of Proforma OP4.1 (OP4.1(A) to (C)) should be completed for the predominant water type, with separate advice provided to the **Commission** that specific information covers more than one water type, listing the water types and the estimated proportion of each water type.
- 6. The volume of 'other water supplied' in relation to OP4.1B means all other water supplied other than to residential or non-residential customers (i.e. a catch all or 'remainder'). This is an aggregate figure and is not required to be disaggregated into the various water types, or customer categories.
- 7. For the purposes of OP4.1(D) references to sewer should be read to include **CWMS**.
- 8. **Connections** must be reported as **connections** to a separate parcel of land, for example where a community title exists and there are 6 dwellings on one parcel of land and each customer is an account holder that should be reported as one **connection** but six customers.

# PART D - PRICE MONITORING AND REPORTING

# 6 INFORMATION REQUIREMENTS FOR PRICE MONITORING AND REPORTING

## 6.1 Use of proformas to report information

- 6.1.1 The Price Monitoring and Reporting Proformas in Schedule 3 set out the pricing information that has been identified by the **Commission** as necessary for the purpose of performing its statutory functions.
- 6.1.2 Those Price Monitoring and Reporting Proformas specify:
  - (a) what information should be made available to customers on the retailer's website;
  - (b) how information is to be reported to the **Commission**,
    - and include general guidance notes where relevant.
- 6.1.3 Clause 6.3 details the **Commission's** timing requirements for publication and the provision of reports by a **retailer** to the **Commission**.
- 6.1.4 Where the **Commission** needs to change the nature, context or scope of routine information a **retailer** is required to publish or provide, it will provide additional or amended Price Monitoring and Reporting Proformas in Schedule 3.

## 6.2 Additional information requirements

- 6.2.1 The **Commission** may from time to time require additional performance measures to be reported by a **retailer** outside of those specified in the Price Monitoring and Reporting Proformas.
- 6.2.2 When seeking such information, the **Commission** will provide a **retailer** with a notice in writing setting out:
  - (a) the **Commission's** information requirements;
  - (b) the scope of any quality assurance that may be required; and
  - (c) the time by which the information is to be provided.

## 6.3 Annual Reporting

- 6.3.1 The **Commission** has determined that **retailers** to whom this guideline applies need only provide an **annual pricing report** to the **Commission** in respect of each 12 month period 1 July to 30 June.
- 6.3.2 In respect of the **annual pricing report**, a **retailer** must:
  - (a) unless agreed in writing with the **Commission**, by no later than 30 November immediately following the start of each regulatory year submit to the **Commission** an electronic copy of:
    - (i) a completed Pricing Policy Questionnaire;
    - (ii) a completed Pricing Schedule; and

- (iii) a completed Pricing Policy Statement.
- (b) ensure that the material provided under clause 6.3.2 (a) conforms with the relevant Pricing Policy and Reporting Proformas and guidance notes in Schedule 3; and
- (c) provide to the **Commission** any other report or information identified by the Commission.

### 6.3.3 Additionally, a **retailer** must:

- (a) publish on its website within two months of changing its retail prices:
  - (i) a Pricing Schedule; and
  - (ii) a Pricing Policy Statement.
- (b) publish all pricing information on a readily accessible part of its website.

# SCHEDULE 3 PRICE MONITORING AND REPORTING PROFORMAS

## PROFORMA PM1.1 – Pricing Schedule

Drinking Water Retail Services	Unit of measurement	Current Year \$/unit	Previous Year \$/unit	Percentage Price Change
Customer Service Provision Item 1				
Customer Service Provision Item 2				
Customer Service Provision Item 3				
Customer Service Provision Item 4				
Customer Service Provision Item 5				
Customer Service Provision Item 6				
Customer Service Provision Item 7				
Customer Service Provision Item 8				
Customer Service Provision Item x				

Sewerage & Trade Waste Retail Services	Unit of measurement	Current Year \$/unit	Previous Year \$/unit	Percentage Price Change
Customer Service Provision Item 1				
Customer Service Provision Item 2				
Customer Service Provision Item 3				
Customer Service Provision Item 4				
Customer Service Provision Item 5				
Customer Service Provision Item 6				
Customer Service Provision Item 7				
Customer Service Provision Item 8				
Customer Service Provision Item x				

Non-Drinking Water Retail Services	Unit of measurement	Current Year \$/unit	Previous Year \$/unit	Percentage Price Change
Customer Service Provision Item 1				
Customer Service Provision Item 2				
Customer Service Provision Item 3				
Customer Service Provision Item 4				
Customer Service Provision Item 5				
Customer Service Provision Item 6				
Customer Service Provision Item 7				
Customer Service Provision Item 8				
Customer Service Provision Item x				

Other Ancillary & Related Retail Services	Unit of measurement	Current Year \$/unit	Previous Year \$/unit	Percentage Price Change
Customer Service Provision Item 1				
Customer Service Provision Item 2				
Customer Service Provision Item 3				
Customer Service Provision Item 4				
Customer Service Provision Item 5				
Customer Service Provision Item 6				
Customer Service Provision Item 7				
Customer Service Provision Item 8				
Customer Service Provision Item x				

Application of Prices	
{Add explanatory narrative on application of prices}	

#### **General Guidance:**

- 1. Retailers should tailor the proforma to reflect the range of services offered. (i.e. additional rows can be added/removed from each service area)
- 2. Non-Drinking Water Retail Services include recycled water and stormwater services
- 3. Explanatory narrative should be added where necessary to explain the application of prices
- 4. Percentage price changes should be shown to one decimal place

# PROFORMA PM2.1 - Pricing Policy Statement

Pricing Policy Statement of [insert name of **retailer**] for Water Retail Services Prices set for the Financial Year [insert financial year]

Question	Response
Please provide a description of the regulated Retail Services currently offered, as specified on the Pricing Schedule.	[short description required of the services currently offered]
Please provide information on how the current pricing policies have been developed.	[brief description of how current pricing methodology has been developed (e.g. prices are set based on full cost recovery; prices are pegged to SA Water prices)]
Please describe the rationale for the price movements between the current year and previous year.	[brief description of prices movements (e.g. all prices increased by CPI)]

#### **General Guidance:**

1. Licensees should tailor the proforma to reflect the required narrative to explain its current pricing policies. (i.e. the explanatory narrative should not be limited by the space provided in the blank proforma

### PROFORMA PM3.1 – Pricing Policy Questionnaire

Pricing Policy Questionnaire of [insert name of retailer] for Water Retail Services Prices set for 2015-16

#### Instructions for completion:

- 1. Complete all questions below in the space provided.
- 2. This questionnaire should be completed in conjunction with the Retailer's *Pricing Schedule* (refer to *Proforma PM1.1*) and *Pricing Policy Statement* (refer to *Proforma PM2.1*) available in Water Industry Guideline No.3, available at <a href="http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/water-overview/reporting-and-compliance/reporting-minor-intermediate-retailers.aspx">http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/water-overview/reporting-and-compliance/reporting-minor-intermediate-retailers.aspx</a>.
- 3. A licensee must send a completed template to <u>reporting@escosa.sa.gov.au</u> by no later than 30 November.
- 4. For guidance in completing this questionnaire, please refer to:
  - a. The Commission's Final Decision on the Economic Regulation of Minor and Intermediate Retailers of Water and Sewerage Services (Price Determination) (Pages 23 to 46), available at: <a href="http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/library/130627-EconomicRegulationMinorIntermediateRetailers-FinalDecision">http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/library/130627-EconomicRegulationMinorIntermediateRetailers-FinalDecision</a> 0.pdf.
  - b. The National Water Initiative Pricing Principles, available at: <a href="http://www.environment.gov.au/system/files/resources/34dbb722-2bfa-48ac-be7e-4e7633c151ed/files/nwi-pricing-principles.pdf">http://www.environment.gov.au/system/files/resources/34dbb722-2bfa-48ac-be7e-4e7633c151ed/files/nwi-pricing-principles.pdf</a>.
  - c. Retailer reporting information, available at: <a href="http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/water-overview/reporting-and-compliance/reporting-minor-intermediate-retailers.aspx">http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/water-overview/reporting-and-compliance/reporting-minor-intermediate-retailers.aspx</a>.
- 5. For assistance please email <u>reporting@escosa.sa.gov.au</u> or phone the Commission on 08 8463 4444.

- 1. Please note any changes your organisation has made in 2014-15 with regards to:
  - ring-fencing<sup>1</sup> of costs and revenues
  - asset management plans
  - valuation of assets/infrastructure

relating to regulated water and/or sewerage retail services<sup>2</sup> you provide.

Include a brief description of changes in 2014-15.

Water Regulatory information requirements for Minor and Intermediate Retailers

Water Industry Guideline No. 3 (WG3/04)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In this context, ring-fencing means the practice of removing a set of assets, costs or revenues, from a set of accounts and considering them separately.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The Water Industry Act 2012 defines a "retail service" as:

<sup>-</sup> the sale and supply of water to a person for use where the water is to be conveyed by a reticulated system; or

<sup>-</sup> the sale and supply of sewerage services (the collection, storage, treatment or conveyance of sewage through a reticulated system) for the removal of sewage.

#### 2. Do you provide a **Drinking Water Retail Services**? **Choose an item.**

If you answered 'yes', please describe the current level of compliance with:

- each National Water Initiative Pricing Principle for the recovery of capital expenditure (Principles 1 to 6).
- each National Water Initiative Pricing Principle for setting urban water tariffs (Principles 1 to 10).
- each of the four additional guiding principles for Developer/Augmentation charges (as set out in the Commission's Price Determination<sup>3</sup>).

#### Recovery of Capital Expenditure (Drinking Water Retail Services)

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Principle 1: Cost recovery for new capital expenditure	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Principle 2: Valuation of new assets	Choose an item.	
Principle 3: Valuation of legacy assets	Choose an item.	
Principle 4: Recovery of legacy capital expenditure	Choose an item.	
Principle 5: Rolling forward asset values after the legacy date	Choose an item.	
Principle 6: Contributed assets	Choose an item.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Refer p.46 <a href="http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/projects/182/economic-regulation-of-minor-and-intermediate-water-retailers.aspx">http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/projects/182/economic-regulation-of-minor-and-intermediate-water-retailers.aspx</a>

## Setting Urban Water Tariffs (Drinking Water Retail Services)

Pricing Principle	Compliance	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
	Self-Assessment	
Principle 1: Cost recovery	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Principle 2: Tariff structures	Choose an item.	
Principle 3: Cost reflective tariffs	Choose an item.	
Principle 4: Setting the service availability charge	Choose an item.	
Principle 5: Pricing transparency	Choose an item.	
Principle 6: Over recovery of revenue	Choose an item.	
Principle 7: Differential water charges	Choose an item.	
Principle 8: Setting developer charges	Choose an item.	
Principle 9: Capping developer charges	Choose an item.	
Principle 10: Revenue from developer charges	Choose an item.	

### Developer and Augmentation Charges (Drinking Water Retail Services)<sup>4</sup>

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Services for the sole benefit of the recipient, the beneficiary should pay the full cost of the service and other customers should not be required to contribute to the cost of the service through water tariffs.	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Services to a distinct group of customers, prices to a customer should reflect the incremental cost of supplying the service to the customer, and a reasonable allocation of the fixed costs of providing the service, where relevant.	Choose an item.	
Prices should reflect the efficient cost of the particular service provided, although in circumstances where the cost of implementing differentiated prices to different <b>customers</b> is likely to outweigh the benefits, non-differentiated prices can be implemented.	Choose an item.	
A <b>licensee</b> must be able to provide transparent information to <b>customers</b> on how the costs for <b>other water services</b> have been calculated, or are to be applied, and must be able to support their position in the event of a dispute.	Choose an item.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Developer/augmentation fees and charges exist in a number of areas across the State where development activity (e.g. new land divisions) is proposed or ongoing and water/sewerage services infrastructure either does not exist or does not have sufficient capacity to accommodate the new development.

### 3. Do you provide a **Sewerage Retail Services**? Choose an item.

If you answered 'yes', please describe the current level of compliance with:

- each National Water Initiative Pricing Principle for the recovery of capital expenditure (Principles 1 to 6).
- each National Water Initiative Pricing Principle for setting urban water tariffs (Principles 1 and 4 to 10).
- each of the four additional guiding principles for Developer/Augmentation charges (as set out in the Commission's Price Determination<sup>5</sup>).

### Recovery of Capital Expenditure (Sewerage Retail Services)

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Principle 1: Cost recovery for new capital expenditure	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Principle 2: Valuation of new assets	Choose an item.	
Principle 3: Valuation of legacy assets	Choose an item.	
Principle 4: Recovery of legacy capital expenditure	Choose an item.	
Principle 5: Rolling forward asset values after the legacy date	Choose an item.	
Principle 6: Contributed assets	Choose an item.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Refer p.46 http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/projects/182/economic-regulation-of-minor-and-intermediate-water-retailers.aspx

## Setting Urban Water Tariffs (Sewerage Retail Services)<sup>6</sup>

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Principle 1: Cost recovery	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Principle 4: Setting the service availability charge	Choose an item.	
Principle 5: Pricing transparency	Choose an item.	
Principle 6: Over recovery of revenue	Choose an item.	
Principle 7: Differential water charges	Choose an item.	
Principle 8: Setting developer charges	Choose an item.	
Principle 9: Capping developer charges	Choose an item.	
Principle 10: Revenue from developer charges	Choose an item.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The Price Determination sets out that most of the National Water Initiative Pricing Principles for setting urban water tariffs should also apply for the setting of urban sewerage service tariffs (refer pp 35-37 <a href="http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/projects/182/economic-regulation-of-minor-and-intermediate-water-retailers.aspx">http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/projects/182/economic-regulation-of-minor-and-intermediate-water-retailers.aspx</a>).

### Developer and Augmentation Charges (Sewerage Retail Services)<sup>7</sup>

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Services for the sole benefit of the recipient, the beneficiary should pay the full cost of the service and other customers should not be required to contribute to the cost of the service through water tariffs.	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Services to a distinct group of customers, prices to a customer should reflect the incremental cost of supplying the service to the customer, and a reasonable allocation of the fixed costs of providing the service, where relevant.	Choose an item.	
Prices should reflect the efficient cost of the particular service provided, although in circumstances where the cost of implementing differentiated prices to different <b>customers</b> is likely to outweigh the benefits, non-differentiated prices can be implemented.	Choose an item.	
A licensee must be able to provide transparent information to customers on how the costs for other water services have been calculated, or are to be applied, and must be able to support their position in the event of a dispute.	Choose an item.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Developer/augmentation fees and charges exist in a number of areas across the State where development activity (e.g. new land divisions) is proposed or ongoing and water/sewerage services infrastructure either does not exist or does not have sufficient capacity to accommodate the new development.

Do you provide a **Recycled Water and Stormwater Retail Services**? **Choose an item.** 

If you answered 'yes', please describe the current level of compliance with the National Water Initiative Pricing Principles for recycled water and stormwater use (Principles 1 to 9).

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Principle 1: Flexible regulation	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Principle 2: Cost allocation	Choose an item.	
Principle 3: Water usage charge	Choose an item.	
Principle 4: Substitutes	Choose an item.	
Principle 5: Differential pricing	Choose an item.	
Principle 6: Integrated water resource planning	Choose an item.	
Principle 7: Cost recovery	Choose an item.	
Principle 8: Transparency	Choose an item.	
Principle 9: Gradual approach	Choose an item.	

### 4. Do you provide **Other Ancillary and Related Retail Services**? Choose an item.

If you answered 'yes', please describe the current level of compliance with each of the four guiding principles set out in the Commission's Price

Determination.9

Pricing Principle	Compliance Self-Assessment	Remedial Plan to Achieve Full Compliance
Services for the sole benefit of the recipient, the beneficiary should pay the full cost of the service and other customers should not be required to contribute to the cost of the service through water tariffs.	Choose an item.	For partial compliance or non-compliance, describe the steps planned to transition towards full compliance. Include estimated date for full compliance.
Services to a distinct group of customers, prices to a customer should reflect the incremental cost of supplying the service to the customer, and a reasonable allocation of the fixed costs of providing the service, where relevant.	Choose an item.	
Prices should reflect the efficient cost of the particular service provided, although in circumstances where the cost of implementing differentiated prices to different <b>customers</b> is likely to outweigh the benefits, non-differentiated prices can be implemented.	Choose an item.	
A licensee must be able to provide transparent information to customers on how the costs for other water services have been calculated, or are to be applied, and must be able to support their position in the event of a dispute.	Choose an item.	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> These services include connections and disconnections, installation of additional water meters to community/strata units and special meter readings.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Refer p.46 http://www.escosa.sa.gov.au/projects/182/economic-regulation-of-minor-and-intermediate-water-retailers.aspx

### **GLOSSARY**

In this Guideline:

**account heading** means an **account heading** used in an accounting record such as a general ledger or a higher-level summation of such headings;

activity area means a group of activities as listed in Schedule 1 of this Guideline;

**annual operational report** means a report in the form set out in Schedule 2 of this Guideline;

**annual pricing report** means a report in the form set out in Schedule 3 of this Guideline; **asset category** means a type of asset as listed in Schedule 1 of this Guideline;

**attend** or **attendance** means the time from when a **retailer** was first notified of a service fault, or becomes aware of a service fault, to when a representative of a **retailer** arrives on site;

auditor means a registered company auditor that is independent of a retailer;

Commission means the Essential Services Commission established under the ESC Act;

complaint has the same meaning as defined by the Australian Standards (AS ISO 1002-2006) i.e. a compliant is an 'expression of dissatisfaction made to an organization, related to its products, or the complaints-handling process itself, where a response or resolution is explicitly or implicitly expected.' Complaints include written or verbal expressions of dissatisfaction about an action, proposed action or failure to act by a retailer, its employees or contractors. A complaint is not an enquiry. A complaint may be made by a person who is not a customer;

concession means a South Australian Government water or sewerage concession;cost driver means a reason for incurring a cost as listed in Schedule 1 of this Guideline;

customer has the same meaning as defined in the Water Retail Code;

connection has the same meaning as defined in the Water Retail Code;

**CWMS** means Community Wastewater Management System;

**disaggregation statement** means a statement that comprises a **retailer's statutory accounts** disaggregated between **regulated** and **unregulated services**;

**discretionary heading** means an **account heading** within the pro forma **regulatory accounting statements** that may be defined by a **retailer**;

**drinking water** means water provided by a reticulated system that is intended for human consumption or for purposes connected with human consumption (such as the washing, preparation or cooking of food or the making of ice intended for human consumption, or for the preservation of unpackaged food), whether or not the water is used for other purposes;

**drinking water flow rate or pressure complaints** includes **complaints** concerning water flow rate and/or pressure;

**drinking water quality complaints** includes **complaints** concerning discoloration, taste, odour, stained washing, illness, cloudy water (e.g. caused by oxygenation);

**enquiry** means a written or verbal approach by a person (who may or may not be a **customer**) which can be satisfied by providing information, advice, assistance, clarification, explanation or referral about a matter and is not a **complaint**;

**ESC Act** means the *Essential Services Commission Act 2002 (SA)*;

**financial hardship** means a situation where a **customer** desires to pay an account, but is unable to pay all or some of the account by the due date due to financial difficulty;

**flexible payment arrangements** means an arrangement under which **residential customers** are given more time to pay a bill or to pay arrears (including any restriction, disconnection or restoration charges) in accordance with clause 5.4 of the **Water Retail Code**;

**industry codes** means the South Australian **Water Retail Codes** and any other industry code, made by the **Commission** pursuant to the provisions of Part 4 of the **ESC Act**;

**intermediate retailer** means a **retailer** which provides **retail services** to more than 500 but less than 50,000 **connections**;

#### **licence** means:

- (a) a licence issued to a person pursuant to Part 4 of the WI Act; or
- (b) an Exemption from the requirement to hold such a licence that contains a condition that requires that person to report against certain obligations specified by the Commission;

mandatory heading means a mandatory account heading within the proforma regulatory accounting statements;

minor retailer means a retailer which provides retail services to up to and including 500 connections;

**non-drinking water** means water other than **drinking water** and includes recycled water and stormwater;

**non-residential** means circumstances where a **retail service** is acquired for purposes other than **residential**;

partial loss means when the discharge of wastewater takes up to 10 minutes to drain away from a toilet or floor drain (e.g. shower) but no overflow from the toilet or drain is visible around the premises;

planned interruption has the same meaning as defined in the Water Retail Code;

**price determination** means the **Commission's** determination made under Part 3 of the **ESC Act**, as in force from time to time and applicable to **Minor** and **Intermediate Retailers**;

**property connection** means the short sewer that is owned and operated by a **retailer**, which connects the sewer main and the **customer** sanitary drain. It includes a junction on the sewer main, a **property connection** fitting, a vertical riser (in some cases) and sufficient straight pipes to ensure the **property connection** fitting is within the lot to be serviced (refer to the WSAA 02 Sewerage Code of Australia);

**property service** means any water infrastructure between the water main and the internal plumbing of the property, and may be owned by a **retailer**;

**regulated business segment** means the business segment involved in providing **retail services** as listed in Schedule 1 of this Guideline;

**regulated services** means **retail services** provided by a **retailer** as defined in Clause 4 of the **WI Act**;

regulatory accounting date means the end date of a regulatory accounting period;

**regulatory accounting period** means a period on which a single set of **regulatory accounting statements** reports;

**regulatory accounting principles and policies** means accounting principles and policies that have been used to prepare **regulatory accounting statements** that may be additional to or in place of the accounting principles and policies used to prepare **statutory accounts**;

**regulatory accounting statements** means the financial reports of a **retailer's** financial position and performance associated with the supply of **retail services** according to **regulated business segments** and **activity areas**;

**regulatory reporting statement** means any regulatory report prepared by a **retailer** and submitted to the **Commission** in accordance with this Guideline;

residential means circumstances where retail services acquired primarily for domestic use;

**responsibility statement** means a statement in the form specified in Annexure A of this Guideline signed, dated and evidencing responsibility for information provided to the **Commission**;

**restriction** includes all cases where **restriction** devices are fitted to reduce water flow and excluding disconnection;

**retail service** has the same meaning given to that term in the **WI Act** and includes a water service and a sewerage service;

retailer means the holder of a licence issued by the Commission under Part 4 the WI Act;

revenue sources are the services or sources from which the entity's income has come from;

**ring-fence** means the practice of removing a set of assets, costs or revenues, from a set of accounts and considering them separately;

**sewerage service complaints** includes **complaints** concerning sewer blockages and spills, trade waste services, sewage odours, sewerage system reliability and all other sewerage issues, excluding any **complaints** in relation to **CWMS**;

**statutory accounts** means the financial statements, prepared in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001 (Cth)* and Australian Accounting Standards, that contain the entirety of the activities of a **retailer's regulated business segments**;

**unplanned interruption** means an interruption to services where the **customer** has not received notification of the interruption and where the duration of a **planned interruption** exceeds that which was originally notified;

unregulated services mean services which fall outside the scope of the WI Act;

wastewater means water/waste from toilets, baths/showers, sinks, washing machines and the like, that drains into the sewerage system;

**WI Act** means the *Water Industry Act 2012 (SA)*, as in force from time to time, and includes all regulations made under that Act;

Water Industry Guideline No.1 means the compliance systems and reporting guideline by the Commission pursuant to section 8 of the ESC Act;

water restrictions applied for non-payment means each occasion on which a customer's supply has been restricted (i.e. reduced from normal flow to a level deemed to allow basic health requirements to be met) due to that customer's failure to pay amount owed, including in respect of vacant premises;

Water Retail Code means the Water Retail Code - Minor and Intermediate Retailers made by the Commission pursuant to the provisions of Part 4 of the ESC Act, unless otherwise specified;

Water Retailer Code – Minor and Intermediate Retailers means the industry code of that name made pursuant to the provisions of Part 4 of the ESC Act;

water service complaints includes complaints concerning bursts, leaks, service interruptions, adequacy of service, water pressure and water reliability, and includes complaints concerning flow rate.



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