



Licence

Electricity Retail, Distribution and Generation Licence

Cowell Electric Supply Pty Ltd ACN 626 950 829 This licence was issued by the **Commission** on 21 June 2007 and last varied on the date specified below.

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Adam Wilson

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Chief Executive Officer and Commission authorised signatory

17 June 2	2022		

<u>Date</u>

Variation history

Amendment number	Variation date	Reason
1 (ESCOSA)	26 February 2009	
2 (ESCOSA)	31 March 2016	Licence varied to include additional operations.
3 (ESCOSA)	18 July 2018	Licence varied to remove distribution network at Woomera.
4 (ESCOSA)	26 September 2018	Licence transferred from Cowell Electric Supply Pty Ltd, ACN 095 517 490, to Cowell Electric Supply Pty Ltd, ACN 626 950 829.
ESCOSA05	16 October 2019	Licence varied to reflect amendments to the ACT and update outdated references.
ESCOSA06	June 2020	Licence varied to authorise the operation of a generation plant at Oak Valley and a generation plant to Yalata.
ESCOSA07	August 2020	Annexure 3 varied to reflect changes to generation plant type and capacity.
ESCOSA08	November 2020	Annexure 3 varied to reflect changes to generation plant type and capacity and to include clause 21.3 (now clause 19.3)
ESCOSA09	April 2022	Licence varied to reflect changes following the implementation of SSNI to remove operational and annual return reporting requirements, together with minor administrative variations to update outdated references and formatting.
ESCOSA10	June 2022	Licence varied to include clauses 2.2, 2.3, 2.4 and 37, amend clauses 28 and 38, to include Schedule 2, and numerous variations to clause cross references throughout the licence. These variations are made in accordance with regulation 17A of the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012 and section 27 of the Electricity Act 1996.

General

1 Definitions and interpretation

- 1.1 Words appearing in bold like **this** are defined in Part 1 of Schedule 1.
- 1.2 This licence must be interpreted in accordance with the rules set out in Part 2 of Schedule 1.

2 Grant of a licence

- 2.1 The **licensee** is licensed under Part 3 of the **Act**, and subject to the conditions set out in this licence to:
 - (a) retail electricity to any person for consumption at the localities specified in ANNEXURE 1;
 - (b) operate the distribution network at the locations described in ANNEXURE 2; and
 - (c) operate the electricity generating plants as specified in ANNEXURE 3.
- 2.2 Where the **licensee** retails electricity in accordance with clause 2.1 to **customers** using a **prepayment meter system** the following clauses of this licence do not apply:
 - (a) clauses 30 to 33 inclusive
 - (b) clauses 35 and 36
 - (c) clauses 39 to 47 inclusive, and
 - (d) clause 50.
- 2.3 Where the **licensee** sells electricity using a **prepayment meter system** to a **prescribed customer**, Schedule 2 of this licence applies and the Prepayment Meter System Code does not apply.
- 2.4 Where the **licensee** sells electricity using a **prepayment meter system** to a **customer** who is not a **prescribed customer**, the Prepayment Meter System Code applies and Schedule 2 of this licence does not apply.

3 Term

- 3.1 This licence commences on the date it is issued and continues until it is:
 - (a) surrendered by the licensee under section 29 of the Act; or
 - (b) suspended or cancelled by the **Commission** under section 37 of the **Act**.

4 Scope of licence

- 4.1 The **licensee** must not distribute or supply electricity to a person if the **licensee** is aware that the person does not hold a licence (if any) required under the **Act** authorising the person to undertake the operations in respect of which that electricity is supplied.
- 4.2 The **licensee** must ensure that any risk of death or injury to a person, or damage to property, arising out of the Operations is eliminated or minimised.

5 Variation

5.1 This licence may only be varied in accordance with section 27 of the **Act**.

6 Transfer

This licence may only be transferred in accordance with section 28 of the Act.

7 Compliance with applicable laws and codes

- 7.1 The **licensee** must comply with all applicable laws, including, but not limited to, any technical or safety requirements or standards contained in regulations made under the **Act**.
- 7.2 The **licensee** must comply with any **codes** or **rules** made by the **Commission** from time to time, that the **Commission** has advised the **licensee** in writing as being applicable to the **licensee**.

8 Ombudsman and disputes

- The **licensee** must, if requested by the **Commission** by written notice, participate in an **Ombudsman Scheme**.
- 8.2 The **licensee** must also implement and comply with procedures for the management and resolution of **customer** disputes which, as a minimum, ensure that the basic procedures of ISO 10002-2018 "Customer Satisfaction Guidelines for Complaints Handling in Organisations" are followed.

9 Information to the Commission

- 9.1 The **licensee** must, from time to time, in a manner and form determined by the **Commission**, provide to the **Commission**,
 - (a) details of the **licensee's** financial, technical and other capacity to continue the operations authorised by this licence; and
 - (b) such other information as the **Commission** may require.
- 9.2 The **licensee** must notify the **Commission** if it commits a **material breach** an applicable law or **code** within 3 days of becoming aware of that breach.

10 System controller and the AEMO

- The **licensee** must, following a request from the **AEMO**, provide to the **AEMO**, such documents or information as it may reasonably require to perform its functions and exercise its powers under the **Act**.
- 10.2 The Licensee must comply with any directions given to it by a **System Controller**.

11 Confidentiality

- 11.1 The **licensee** must, unless otherwise required or permitted by law, this licence, or a **code**:
 - (a) comply with any **rules** made by the **Commission** from time to time relating to the use of information acquired by the **licensee** in the course of operating the business authorised by this licence; and
 - (b) ensure that information concerning a **customer** is not disclosed without the prior express consent of, or as agreed in writing with, the **customer**.

12 Taking over operations

Where the **licensee** becomes the subject of a proclamation under section 38 of the **Act**, it must participate in the development and implementation of arrangements under section 38 for another person to take over the operations authorised by this licence (including, but not limited to, arrangements to ensure the remuneration of that person).

13 Community service

13.1 The **licensee** must comply with the requirements of any scheme approved and funded by the Minister for Energy, the provision by the State of **customer** concessions or the performance of community service obligations by the **licensee**.

Distribution and generation conditions

14 Insurance

- 14.1 The **licensee** must undertake and maintain during the term of this licence insurance against liability for causing bush fires.
- The **licensee** must provide to the **Commission** a certificate of the insurer or the insurance broker by whom the insurance was arranged (in a form acceptable to the **Commission**) to the effect that such insurance is adequate and appropriate, given the nature of the **licensee's** activities conducted under this licence and the risks associated with those activities.

15 Access

15.1 The **licensee** must:

- (a) in accordance with, and to the extent required by, the Electricity Transmission Code, grant to an electricity entity holding a transmission licence or a distribution licence, rights to use, or have access to, those parts of the licensee's electricity generating plant that are interconnected or interface with the electricity entity's assets for the purpose of ensuring the proper integrated operation of the South Australian power system and the proper conduct of the operations authorised by that electricity entity's transmission licence or distribution licence; and
- (b) in the absence of agreement as to the terms on which such rights are to be granted, comply with a determination of the **Commission** as to those terms.

16 Dispute resolution

- A dispute relating to the granting of rights to use or have access to the inter-connecting assets of the **licensee's** electricity generating plant referred to in clause 15 shall be resolved in accordance with any applicable **industry code** developed by the **Commission** for the resolution of disputes.
- 16.2 Clause 16.1 does not apply to the extent the dispute is subject to resolution in accordance with or under the **National Electricity Rules**.

17 Compatibility

The **licensee** must not do anything to its electricity generating plant affecting the compatibility of its electricity generating plant with any **distribution network** or **transmission network** so as to prejudice public safety or the security of the power system of which the electricity generating plant forms a part.

18 National Electricity Market

The **licensee** must hold and comply with the conditions of any registration required under the **National Electricity Rules** granted by **AEMO** (or the person responsible for the granting of such registrations under the **National Electricity Law** or the **National Electricity Rules**) at all times that such registration is required for the operations authorised by this licence.

19 Quality of supply

- 19.1 The **licensee** must ensure that its distribution network is designed, installed, operated and maintained so that at the **customer's supply address**:
 - (a) the voltage is as set out in AS 60038;
 - (b) the voltage fluctuations that occur are contained within the limits as set out in AS/NZS 61000 Parts 3.3, 3.5 and 3.7; and
 - (c) the harmonic voltage distortions do not exceed the values in AS/NZS 61000 Parts 3.2 and 3.6.
- The **licensee** must ensure that any interference caused by its distribution network is less than the limits set out in AS/NZS 61000 Part 3.5 and AS/NZS 2344.
- 19.3 The **licensee** must maintain and operate (or ensure its authorised representatives maintain and operate) all equipment that is part of its facilities in accordance with **good electricity industry practice** and relevant Australian Standards.

20 Interruption of supply

- 20.1 The **licensee** must, in undertaking the distribution and generation operations authorised by this licence, use its **best endeavours** to minimise the frequency and duration of **supply interruptions**.
- The **licensee** must provide not less than the following period of notice to a **customer** likely to be affected by a planned **supply interruption** of more than 15 minutes:
 - (a) in respect of an interruption planned by the licensee: 3 days prior to the interruption;
 - (b) in respect of an interruption notified to the **licensee** by another electricity entity at least 4 days prior to the interruption: 3 days prior to the interruption; or
 - (c) in respect of an interruption notified to the **licensee** by another electricity entity less than 4 days but more than 24 hours prior to the interruption: within 24 hours of receiving that notice from the other electricity entity.
- 20.3 Notice given by the **licensee** under this clause must include the time, expected duration of, and reason for the **supply interruption**.
- 20.4 The **licensee** must provide a 24 hour telephone service to **customers** notifying the commencement time and expected duration of and, if available, reason for, a current **supply interruption** of more than 15 minutes.
- 20.5 The **licensee** must provide written notice of commencement time and duration of, and, if available, reason for, a **supply interruption** within 20 **business days** of receiving a request for such written notification.

21 Safety, reliability, maintenance and technical management plan

21.1 The licensee must:

- (a) prepare, maintain and periodically revise a safety, reliability, maintenance and technical management plan dealing with matters prescribed by **regulation**;
- (b) obtain the approval of the **Technical Regulator**:
 - (i) to the plan (prior to the commencement of the operation of the generation plant and distribution system to which the plan relates; and
 - (ii) to any revision of the plan;
- (c) comply with the plan as approved from time to time in accordance with clause 21.1.(b); and
- (d) undertake audits of its compliance with the plan from time to time and report the results of those audits to the **Technical Regulator**, in the form required by the **Technical Regulator**.

22 Switching manual

22.1 The licensee must:

- (a) prepare and maintain an internal switching manual in accordance with the **regulations**; and
- (b) comply with any other requirements relating to switching prescribed in the regulations.

23 Connection policy

- The **licensee** must, if requested by the **Commission**, develop a Connection Policy specifying the **licensee's** policy in respect of extending the **electricity infrastructure** at the request of a potential **customer**.
- 23.2 The Connection Policy must include:
 - (a) stipulations in respect of voltage and distance from load to existing infrastructure for new **connections**:
 - (b) the terms and conditions on which the licensee will extend the electricity infrastructure;
 - (c) the terms and conditions on which the **licensee** will provide a new **meter**;
 - (d) the terms and conditions on which the **licensee** will provide metering information services;
 - (e) information about the cost to customers of connecting to, and using the electricity infrastructure;
 - (f) information about the method of calculation and collection of capital contributions (if capital contributions are to be collected);
 - (g) details of technical or other obligations of the **customer** in respect of the connection.

The **licensee** must submit the Connection Policy, and any amendment to the Connection Policy, to the **Commission** for approval.

24 Metering plan

- 24.1 The licensee must, if the licensee undertakes metering or engages a person for that purpose:
 - (a) develop and obtain the approval of the **Commission** for a Metering Plan setting out the **licensee's** procedures in respect of:
 - (i) installation and ownership of meters (and any ancillary equipment);
 - (ii) minimum accuracy standards for **meters** and the maintenance of that accuracy (including audits of **meter** types);
 - (iii) collection of metering data;
 - (iv) field and maintenance testing of meters;
 - (v) resolution of metering disputes; and
 - (vi) metering data obligations.
- 24.2 The **Commission** may:
 - (a) approve the Metering Plan; or
 - (b) require the **licensee** to improve the Metering Plan (in which case the licensee must promptly do so and resubmit it for the **Commission's** approval).
- 24.3 The **licensee** and any person engaged by the **licensee** to undertake metering must comply with the Metering Plan after the **Commission** has approved it.
 - (a) Unless otherwise agreed by the **Commission**, the **licensee** must by 31 August each year:
 - (b) review the Metering Plan to determine whether it is operating effectively and whether the **licensee**, and any person engaged by the **licensee** to undertake metering, is complying with the Plan;
 - (c) provide a copy of that review to the **Commission**; and
 - (d) if necessary, amend the Metering Plan (but the **licensee** must not amend the Plan without the approval of the **Commission**).

25 Certificates of compliance

- The **licensee** must retain a copy of each certificate of compliance provided to it under regulation 56(1)(d) of the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012 for at least 12 months after that provision.
- 25.2 the **licensee** must give the **Commission**, **Technical Regulator** or an authorised officer any assistance reasonably requested by the **Commission**, **Technical Regulator** or authorised officer in inspecting certificates of compliance retained by the **licensee**.

Connection, sale and supply conditions

26 Connections

- 26.1 The **licensee** must use its **best endeavours** to connect a new **supply address** to the **licensees'** distribution network:
 - (a) on a date agreed with the **customer**; or
 - (b) where no date has been agreed with the **customer**, within 6 **business days** after the **licensee's** requirements for connection are satisfied.
- The **licensee** must use its **best endeavours** to connect a **supply address** which was previously connected to the **licensees'** distribution network:
 - (a) on a date agreed with the **customer**; or
 - (b) if no date has been agreed with the **customer**, where possible on the **business day** after the **licensee's** requirements for **connection** are satisfied and, in any event, within two **business days**.
- 26.3 If a person requests the connection of 10 or more supply addresses within a one week period, the Licensee must use its best endeavours to connect each supply address:
 - (a) within 6 business days after the **licensee's** requirements for connection have been satisfied for that supply address, if the Licensee has been notified of the new connections a reasonable time in advance of the required connection dates; or
 - (b) otherwise within 12 business days after the **licensee's** requirements for connection for the supply address have been satisfied.
- The **licensee** must not refuse to connect a **supply address** to the **licensees'** distribution network because:
 - (a) the person provides their own electricity metering system; or
 - (b) a third party provides an electricity metering system for the person,

if that electricity metering system complies with the Act or the National Electricity Rules.

27 Applications for connection, sale and supply

- 27.1 Before agreeing to connect a person's **supply address** and to sell and supply electricity to a person at that **supply address**, the **licensee** may require the person to:
 - (a) make an application to the **licensee** (in person, by telephone or in writing) on a **business** day; and
 - (b) if requested by the licensee:
 - (i) provide acceptable identification;
 - (ii) pay any relevant fees and charges applicable;
 - (iii) provide contact details for billing purposes;

- (iv) provide contact details for the owner (or the owner's agent) of the supply address, if the request is made in respect of a supply address that is a rental property;
- (v) ensure that there is safe and convenient access to the meter and the electrical installation in order to connect the **supply address**;
- (vi) provide estimated electrical load information for the proposed electricity use at the **supply address**;
- (vii) pay any outstanding debt, or make arrangements for the payment of any outstanding debt, in relation to the **connection**, sale or supply of electricity to the person by the **licensee** (other than a debt the subject of a bona fide dispute, or for which repayment arrangements have been made);
- (viii) provide certificates of compliance in respect of the electrical installation at the supply address;
- (ix) provide evidence that the electrical installation at the supply address satisfies
 the technical requirements set out in the standard connection and supply
 contract; and
- (x) agree to undertake any augmentation or extension required for the **connection** and ensure that the augmentation or extension has been completed.

28 Standard contractual terms and conditions

- 28.1 The **licensee** must develop and submit for the **Commission's** approval a set of standard terms and conditions on which it will sell and supply electricity to **customers** and/or a specified class of **customers**.
- 28.2 Upon receipt of the **Commission's** approval of the standard terms and conditions under clause 28.1, the **licensee** must publish those terms and conditions in accordance with the requirements of section 36 of the **Act**.
- 28.3 The **licensee** must advise the **Commission** before it makes a significant amendment to the standard terms and conditions and must publish the amended terms and conditions in accordance with the requirements of section 36 of the **Act**.
- 28.4 The **Commission** may, by notice in writing to the **licensee**, require the **licensee** to amend its standard terms and conditions in accordance with the requirements of section 36 of the **Act**.
- The **licensee** must, on request by a **customer**, provide that **customer** with a copy of the standard terms and conditions, free of charge.
- 28.6 If a **customer** has already received a copy of the standard terms and conditions and requests another copy within a 12-month period, the **licensee** may impose a reasonable charge for providing that copy.

29 Use of electricity and illegal use

29.1 Despite clause 32, if the **licensee** has undercharged or not charged a **customer** as a result of the **customer**'s fraud or intentional consumption of electricity otherwise than in accordance with applicable regulatory instruments, the **licensee** may estimate the consumption for which the **customer** has not paid and bill or take debt recovery action for all of that unpaid amount.

- 29.2 Clause 39 does not apply if, during the course of the **customer's** dealings with the retailer, the **customer** is convicted of an offence involving fraud or theft of electricity.
- 29.3 Notwithstanding any of the requirements of clause 45, but in compliance with clause 50.1(b) a **licensee** may arrange for the disconnection of a **customer's supply address** immediately where the **customer** has used electricity contrary to clause 29.1.
- 29.4 The **licensee** must not sell or supply electricity to a person if that person is required to hold a licence under the **Act** in respect of the use of that electricity and the **licensee** is aware that the person has not been issued with such a licence or an exemption from the requirement to hold such a licence.

30 Billing

- The licensee must use its best endeavours to issue a bill to a customer at least quarterly.
- 30.2 Nothing in clause 30.1 will prevent the **licensee** from:
 - (a) issuing a bill more frequently than quarterly to a business customer or
 - (b) issuing a bill more frequently than **quarterly** to a **residential customer** where the **licensee** has obtained a **residential customer's** explicit informed consent to issue bills on that basis
- 30.3 The **licensee** must issue a bill to a **customer** at the **supply address**, unless the **customer** nominates another address.
- 30.4 Each bill issued to a **customer** by the **licensee** must itemise separately the following charges:
 - (a) all charges for electricity sold by the licensee to the customer;
 - (b) any other charge relating to the sale of electricity to the **customer** by the **licensee** at the **supply address** (including special **meter** readings, account application fees, public lighting, fixed charges for special purpose electricity sales).
 - (c) the date of the last **meter** reading or estimate and the number of days since the previous reading or estimate;
 - (d) the **meter** readings, **metering data** or estimates for the bill;
 - (e) consumption, or estimated consumption, in units used (eg kWh);
 - (f) the pay by date;
 - (g) the telephone number for billing, payment enquiries and instalment payment options;
 - (h) a 24 hour contact telephone number for faults and emergencies;
 - (i) the **customer's supply address** and any other relevant address;
 - (i) the **customer's** name and account number;
 - (k) the amount of arrears or credit;
 - (I) the amount of any security deposit provided by the customer; and
 - (m) on residential customer's bills only, a reference to the availability of concessions, if any.

30.5 If the **customer** requests its final bill for the **customer's supply address** from the **licensee**, the **licensee** must use its **best endeavours** to issue that **customer** with a final bill in accordance with the **customer's** request.

31 Meter reading

- 31.1 Subject to clause 31.2, the **licensee** must base a **customer's** bill on an actual reading of the relevant **meter** at the **customer's supply address** and use its **best endeavours** to ensure that the **meter** at the **customer's supply address** is read as frequently as is required to prepare its bills and in any event at last once every 12 months.
- Where a **licensee** is unable to base a bill on a reading of the **meter** at a **customer's supply** address because:
 - (a) access is denied as a result of the actions of the **customer**, or a third party, weather conditions or an industrial dispute;
 - (b) the **meter** cannot safely be accessed in order to read it;
 - (c) the **meter** or ancillary equipment has recorded the electricity usage incorrectly; or
 - (d) the meter has been tampered with,

the licensee may provide the customer with an estimated bill based on:

- (e) the customer's reading of the meter;
- (f) the **customer's** prior electricity usage history at that **supply address**;
- (g) where the customer does not have a prior electricity usage history at that supply address, the average usage of electricity by a comparable customer over the corresponding period; or
- (h) an estimating system approved by the **Commission**.
- 31.3 The **licensee** may provide the **customer** with an estimated bill or bills where:
 - (a) the customer and the licensee have agreed to the issue of an estimated bill or bills; and
 - (b) the estimated bill or bills are based on a methodology specified in clause 31.2.
- 31.4 Where the **licensee** has provided a **customer** with an estimated bill, and the **meter** is subsequently read, the **licensee** must include an adjustment on the next bill to take account of the actual **meter** reading.
- 31.5 When the **licensee** issues a **customer** with an estimated bill it must publish a notice in a prominent location on that bill advising that the bill is based on an estimated reading of the **meter**.
- Where a **customer** has denied access to a **meter** for the purpose of reading that **meter**, and subsequently requests the **licensee** to replace an estimated bill with a bill based on a reading of the **meter**, the **licensee** must comply with that request but may pass through to that **customer** any costs it incurs in doing so.

32 Undercharging

- 32.1 Subject to clause 32.2, where the **licensee** has undercharged a **customer** as a result of an act or omission of the **licensee**, it may recover from the **customer** the amount undercharged.
- Where the **licensee** proposes to recover an amount undercharged as a result of the **licensee's** error, the **licensee** must:
 - (a) limit the amount to be recovered to the amount undercharged in the 12 months prior to the **meter** reading date on the **customer's** last bill;
 - (b) list the amount to be recovered as a separate item in a special bill or in the next bill, together with an explanation of that amount;
 - (c) not charge the customer interest on that amount; and
 - (d) if the **customer** requests it, allow the **customer** time to pay that amount by agreed instalments, over a period nominated by the **customer** being no longer than:
 - (i) the period during which the undercharging occurred (if the undercharging occurred over a period of less than 12 months); or
 - (ii) in any other case, 12 months.

33 Overcharging

- Where a **customer** has been overcharged as a result of an act or omission of the **licensee**, the **licensee** must inform the customer accordingly within 10 **business days** of the **licensee** becoming aware of that error and:
 - (a) credit that amount to the customer's next bill; or
 - (b) if this credit cannot be made (for example, if the **customer** will not have another bill from the **licensee**) the **licensee** must repay that amount to the **customer** within 10 **business** days.

34 Where a tariff type has changed

- Where during a **billing cycle** a **customer** changes from one type of tariff to another type of tariff, the **licensee** must (if it is necessary to do so due to the change in the type of tariff applying to that **customer**):
 - (a) obtain a meter reading at the time the type of tariff changes; and
 - (b) calculate the **customer's** bill using the type of tariff applying during the period prior to and after the date of the **meter** reading referred to in clause 34.1(a).
- Where during a **billing cycle** the tariff rate or charge applying to a **customer** changes, the **licensee** must calculate the bill on a pro rata basis using:
 - (a) the old tariff rate or charge up to and including the date of change; and
 - (b) the new tariff rate or change from the date of the change to the end of the billing cycle.

- 34.3 Where the **licensee** offers alternative tariffs or tariff options and a **customer**:
 - (a) applies in writing to the **licensee** to transfer from that **customer's** current tariff to another tariff; and
 - (b) demonstrates to the **licensee** that it satisfies all of the conditions relating to that other tariff.

the **licensee** must transfer the **customer** to that tariff within 10 **business days** of satisfying those conditions.

- Where a **customer** transfers from one tariff type to another, in accordance with clause 34.3, the effective date of the transfer will be:
 - (a) the date on which the last **meter** reading at the old tariff is obtained; or
 - (b) where the transfer requires a change to the **meter** at the **customer's supply address**, the date the **meter** change is completed.
- Where a **customer** informs the **licensee** of a change in use of the **customer's supply address**, the **licensee** may require the **customer** to transfer to a tariff applicable to the **customer's** use of the **supply address**.
- 34.6 If a **customer** fails to give notice to the **licensee** of a change in the use of the **customer's** supply address, and the **licensee** subsequently becomes aware of the change in use, the **licensee** may transfer the **customer** retrospectively from the date of the change.

35 Payment

- Unless otherwise agreed with a **customer**, the pay by date specified in the bill must not be less than 12 **business days** after the date the **licensee** sends the bill.
- 35.2 If a **customer** has not paid a bill by the due date, the **licensee** may send to that **customer** a reminder notice that its bill is past due, giving the **customer** a further due date (not less than 5 **business days** after the date the notice is issued).
- A licensee may charge a business customer interest on a late payment, at a rate and on terms and conditions as approved by the **Commission** from time to time for a specific group of customers.

36 Payment methods

- The **licensee** must offer at least the following payment methods to its **customers**:
 - (a) in person; and
 - (b) by mail.

37 Mandatory use of prepayment meter system

37.1 The **licensee** must only sell electricity to **prescribed customers** using a **prepayment meter system** (other than a specified **prescribed customer** or a specified class of **prescribed customers** for which the **licensee** has been granted a Ministerial exemption from selling electricity to them using a pre-payment meter system under regulation 17A(3) of the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012).

37.2 The **licensee** must only retail electricity using a **prepayment meter system** in accordance with regulation 17A(3) of the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012) and the prepayment meter standard terms and conditions contained in Schedule 2 of this licence.

38 Approval from the Commission to adopt prepayment metering systems

The **licensee** must not implement a **prepayment meter system** in respect of its **customers**, that are not **prescribed customers** (or are **prescribed customers** who are the subject of a Ministerial exemption granted under regulation 17A(3) of the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012), unless the **licensee** has obtained the **Commission's** prior written approval for the adoption of that **prepayment meter system**.

39 Payment difficulties

- Where a **residential customer** informs the **licensee** in writing or by telephone that the **residential customer** is experiencing payment difficulties, the **licensee** must advise the **residential customer**, as soon as is reasonably practicable, of instalment plan options offered by the **licensee** at that time and, where appropriate:
 - (a) the right to have a bill redirected to a third person, as long as that third person consents in writing to that redirection;
 - (b) information on independent financial and other relevant counselling services.
- Where a **residential customer** requests information or a redirection of its bills, under this clause, the **licensee** must provide that information or redirection free of charge.

40 Long absence or illness

- Where a **residential customer** is unable to arrange payment whether due to illness or long absence, the **licensee** must offer:
 - (a) payment in advance facilities; and
 - (b) redirection of the **customer's** bill as requested by the **customer** free of charge.

41 Paying by instalments

- 41.1 The **licensee** must offer **residential customers** at least the following payment options:
 - (a) a system or arrangement under which a **residential customer** may make payments in advance towards future bills; and
 - (b) an interest and fee free instalment plan or other arrangement under which the **residential customer** is given more time to pay a bill or to pay arrears (including any disconnection or reconnection charges).
- The **licensee** may require a **residential customer** to pay by instalments in advance if the **residential customer** is in arrears or as an alternative to the **residential customer** paying a **security deposit**.

- The **licensee** does not have to offer a **residential customer** an instalment plan if the **residential customer** has, in the previous 12 months, had 2 instalment plans cancelled due to non-payment. In such a case, the **licensee** must offer another instalment plan only if the **licensee** is reasonably satisfied that the **residential customer** will comply with that instalment plan.
- The **licensee** offering an instalment plan must, in determining the period of the plan and calculating the amount of the instalments, take into account information from the **residential customer** about the **residential customer**'s usage needs and capacity to pay.
- 41.5 Nothing in this licence limits the payment options that a **licensee** may offer to a **customer**.

42 Review of bill

- 42.1 The **licensee** must review a **customer's** bill when asked by that **customer**.
- The **licensee** must inform the **customer** of the outcome of that review as soon as reasonably possible, but in any event, within 30 **business days**.
- 42.3 Where a **licensee** is reviewing a bill, the **licensee** may require the **customer** to pay:
 - (a) the greater of:
 - (i) that portion of the bill under review that the **customer** and the **licensee** agree is not in dispute; or
 - (ii) an amount equal to the average amount of the **customer's** bills in the previous 12 months (excluding the bill in dispute); and
 - (b) any future bills that are properly due.
- Where the **customer** requests that, in reviewing the bill, the **meter** reading be checked or the **meter** tested, the **licensee** must, as the case may be:
 - (a) arrange for a check of the meter reading; or
 - (b) arrange for a test of the **meter**.
- The **customer** must pay the **licensee** in advance the **licensee's** reasonable charge for checking the **meter** reading, **metering data** or for testing the **meter**.
- 42.6 Where, after conducting a review of the bill, the **licensee** is satisfied that it is:
 - (a) correct, the **licensee** may require the **customer** to pay the amount of that bill which is still outstanding; or
 - (b) incorrect, the licensee:
 - (i) must correct the customer's bill in accordance with clause 32 or clause 33;
 - (ii) must refund (or set off against the amount in clause 42.6(b)(iii) any fee paid in advance under clause 42.5;
 - (iii) may require the **customer** to pay the amount of that bill which is still outstanding; and
 - (iv) must advise the **customer** of the existence of its dispute resolution processes.

43 Charge for dishonoured payments

43.1 If a **customer** pays the **licensee's** bill by cheque, by a direct debit from an account with an **ADI**, or by credit card, and the payment is dishonoured or reversed, which results in the **licensee** incurring a fee, the **licensee** may recover from the **customer** the amount of that fee.

44 Security deposits and alternatives

- The **licensee** may require a **customer** to provide a **security deposit** at the time the **customer** makes an application for **connection**, or an application for reconnection after being disconnected, or before selling electricity to the **customer**.
- Subject to approval and annual review by the **Commission** and to clause 44.4:
 - (a) the amount of a **security deposit** for a **customer** who is on a **quarterly billing cycle** must not be greater than 1.5 times the average **quarterly** bill; and
 - (b) the amount of a **security deposit** for a **customer** who is on a monthly **billing cycle** must not be greater than 2.5 times the average monthly bill.
- The average **quarterly** and monthly bill for each category of **customer** will be as determined by the **Commission** from time to time.
- The **licensee** may increase a **business customer's** existing **security deposit**, where that deposit is insufficient to secure the **business customer's** current electricity usage taking into account the limits of **security deposits** as calculated using the average of the **business customer's** last bills.
- The **licensee** must not require a **customer** to provide a **security deposit** unless:
 - (a) the customer has left a previous supply address without settling an outstanding electricity debt owing to that licensee, the debt remains outstanding, and the customer refuses to make arrangements (acceptable to both parties) to pay the debt; or
 - (b) the **customer** has within the previous two years been responsible for the use of electricity contrary to clause 29 of this licence; or
 - (c) the **customer** is a new **customer** and:
 - (i) has refused or failed to produce **acceptable identification**; or
 - (ii) has not provided information demonstrating a satisfactory history of paying electricity accounts; or
 - (iii) the **licensee** has reasonably formed the view that the new **customer** has an unsatisfactory credit rating;

and the **licensee** has, in accordance with clauses 39 and 41 offered the **customer** an instalment plan or other payment option and the **customer** has refused, or failed to agree to, the offer.

- The **licensee** must accept a bank guarantee from a **business customer** as an alternative to a cash **security deposit**.
- Where the **licensee** has received a **security deposit** from a **customer**, the **licensee** must pay interest, if any, to the **customer**, on the deposit at a rate and on terms and conditions as approved by the **Commission**.

- 44.8 Where a **customer** has been required by a **licensee** to pay a **security deposit** and:
 - (a) the **customer** completes 24 months (or such lesser time agreed with the **customer**) of paying its bills by the pay by dates for those bills; or
 - (b) the customer ceases to purchase electricity from the licensee at the supply address to which the security deposit relates and a final reading of the meter for that supply address is completed and the customer has not commenced purchasing electricity from the licensee at a different supply address,

the licensee must return the security deposit and any interest to the customer.

- The **licensee** may pay the **security deposit** to the credit of the **customer's** next bill. However, if the **customer** will not have another bill, the **licensee** must repay the **security deposit** to the **customer** within 10 **business days**.
- Where the **licensee** has accepted a bank guarantee from a **business customer** in lieu of a **security deposit**, the **licensee** must return the bank guarantee within 10 **business days** of the **business customer** satisfying the conditions referred to in clause 44.8.
- The **licensee** must keep **security deposits** in a separate account and separately identify in its company accounts, at all times, the value of **security deposits** which it holds for **customers**.
- The **licensee** may use a **customer's security deposit** and interest which has accrued to it to offset any amount owed by that **customer** to the **licensee** and/or the **distributor**:
 - (a) if the customer fails to pay a bill resulting in disconnection of the supply address; or
 - (b) in relation to a final bill issued by the **licensee** when the **customer** vacates a **supply address** or ceases to buy electricity from the **licensee** at that **supply address** or asks that the **supply address** be disconnected.

However, the **licensee** must not, without the **customer's** written consent, use a **customer's security deposit** to offset charges in respect of any goods or services (other than electricity) provided by the **licensee**.

The **licensee** must account to the **customer** for any use of the **security deposit** (and pay the balance, if any, to the **customer**) within 10 **business days**.

45 Disconnection of a supply address

- 45.1 If a **customer** requests the **licensee** to disconnect the **customer's supply address**, the **licensee** must use its **best endeavours** to disconnect in accordance with the **customer's** request.
- 45.2 Subject to clauses 46 and 47, the **licensee** may arrange to disconnect a **customer's supply** address if a **customer** has not:
 - (a) paid a bill; or
 - (b) agreed to an offer (made in accordance with clause 39 and clause 41) of an instalment plan or other payment option to pay a bill; or
 - (c) adhered to the **customer's** obligations to make payments in accordance with an agreed instalment plan or other payment option relating to the payment of bills; or
 - (d) failed to allow, for 3 consecutive **billing cycles** (or such longer period as the **licensee** nominates), access to the **customer's supply address** to read a **meter**; or

(e) where the **customer** refuses to pay a **security deposit** or provide a bank guarantee in accordance with clause 44.

46 Obligations prior to disconnection

- 46.1 Prior to effecting a disconnection under clause 45.2, the **licensee** must have:
 - (a) used its **best endeavours** to contact the **residential customer** personally either:
 - (i) by telephone;
 - (ii) by mail;
 - (iii) by email;
 - (iv) by any other method approved by the **Commission** from time to time;
 - (b) given the customer a reminder notice;
 - (c) after the expiry of the period referred to in the reminder notice, give the **customer** a written **disconnection warning** with 5 **business days'** notice of its intention to arrange for the disconnection (the 5 **business days** shall be counted from the **date of receipt** of the **disconnection warning**);
 - (d) in the case of a disconnection arising under clause 45.2(a), offered the customer alternative payment options of the kind referred to in clause 41 (provided that licensee is not obliged to offer an instalment plan as where the customer has in the previous twelve months had two instalment plans cancelled due to non-payment);
 - (e) in the case of a disconnection arising under clause 45.2(d):
 - (i) given the **customer** an opportunity to offer reasonable alternative access arrangements; and
 - (ii) on each of the occasions access was denied, given the customer written notice requesting access to the meter or meters at the supply address and advising of the licensee's ability to arrange for disconnection;

47 When the licensee may not disconnect

- 47.1 The licensee must not disconnect a customer's supply address:
 - (a) for non-payment of a bill where the amount outstanding is less than an amount approved by the **Commission** and the **customer** has agreed with the **licensee** to repay that amount;
 - (b) where the **customer** or a person residing at the **customer's supply address** has advised the **licensee** that a person ordinarily residing at the **supply address** is dependent on designated life support equipment in accordance with the provisions of clause 50;
 - (c) where a **customer** has made a complaint, directly related to the reason for the proposed disconnection, to an external dispute resolution body and the complaint remains unresolved;
 - (d) after 3.00pm on a business day; or
 - (e) on a Friday, on a weekend, on a public holiday or on the day before a public holiday, except in the case of a planned interruption.

48 Disconnections for emergencies and safety

- 48.1 Notwithstanding any other clause in this licence, the **licensee** may disconnect, interrupt or cause the disconnection or interruption of supply to a **customer's supply address** in the case of an emergency.
- 48.2 Where the **licensee** exercises its disconnection right under this clause, it must:
 - (a) provide, by way of a 24 hour emergency line, information on the nature of the emergency and an estimate of the time when supply will be restored;
 - (b) use its **best endeavours** to restore supply to the **customer's supply address** as soon as possible.
- 48.3 Nothing in this licence should affect the **licensee** exercising any power, or obligation to comply with any direction, order or requirement under the Emergency Management Act 2004, Essential Services Act 1981, the Fire and Emergency Services Act 2005, or any other relevant legislation.
- 48.4 Notwithstanding any other clause and subject to clause 48.5, the **licensee** may disconnect or interrupt supply to a **customer's supply address** for reasons of health or safety.
- 48.5 Except in the case of an emergency, or where there is a need to reduce the risk of fire or where relevant legislation, regulations or **codes** require it, the **licensee** must not disconnect a **customer's supply address** for a health or safety reason unless the **licensee** has:
 - (a) given the **customer** written notice of the reason;
 - (b) allowed the customer 5 **business days** to remove the reason (the 5 **business days** shall be counted from the **date of receipt** of the notice); and
 - (c) at the expiration of those 5 business days given the customer, by way of a written disconnection warning, another 5 business days' notice of its intention to disconnect the customer (the 5 business days shall be counted from the date of receipt of the notice).

49 Reconnection after disconnection

- 49.1 Where the **licensee** has disconnected a **customer's supply address** in accordance with this licence, the **licensee** must use its **best endeavours** to reconnect the **customer** within a time agreed with the **customer**, subject to (where relevant):
 - (a) the reasons for disconnection being rectified, and
 - (b) the **customer** agreeing to pay the **licensee's** reasonable charges for reconnection, if any.
- Where under this clause the **licensee** is obliged to arrange for the reconnection of a **customer's supply address** and the **customer** makes a request for reconnection before 4.00pm on a **business day**, the **licensee** must use its **best endeavours** to arrange for the reconnection on the day of the request and, in any event, by the next **business day**.

- Where under this clause the **licensee** is obliged to reconnect a **customer**'s **supply address** and the **customer** makes a request for reconnection after 4.00pm and before 9.00pm on a **business day**, and pays the **licensee**'s reasonable charge for after-hours connection, the **licensee** must arrange for the reconnection on the day requested by the **customer** unless the **licensee** informs the **customer** that this is not possible, in which case the **licensee** must arrange for connection by the end of the next **business day** and the after-hours connection fee does not apply.
- Where under this clause the **licensee** is obliged to reconnect a **customer's supply address** and the **customer** makes a request for reconnection after 9.00pm, on a **business day**, the **licensee** must arrange for the reconnection by the end of the next **business day**.

50 Special needs

- 50.1 Where a **customer** provides the **licensee** with confirmation from a registered medical practitioner or a hospital that a person residing at the **customer's supply address** requires life support equipment, the **licensee** must:
 - (a) register the **supply address** as a life support equipment address;
 - (b) not arrange for the disconnection of that **supply address** while the person continues to reside at that address and requires the use of life support equipment; and
 - (c) give the **customer** a faults and emergencies telephone contact number.
- The **licensee** may require that a **customer** whose **supply address** has been registered under this clause inform the **licensee** if the person for whom the life support equipment is required vacates the **supply address** or no longer requires the life support equipment.
- 50.3 For the purposes of this clause, "life support equipment" means:
 - (a) an oxygen concentrator; or
 - (b) an intermittent peritoneal dialysis machine; or
 - (c) a haemodialysis machine; or
 - (d) a ventilator for life support (polio only); or
 - (e) other equipment as notified by the **Commission** from time to time.

Schedule 1: Definitions and Interpretation

Part 1 - Definitions

In this licence:

Acceptable identification in relation to:

- (a) a **residential customer**, includes one or more of the following:
 - (i) a driver's licence, a current passport or other form of photographic identification;
 - (ii) a Pensioner Concession Card or other entitlement card issued by the State or Commonwealth Government;
 - (iii) a birth certificate.
 - (b) a **business customer** which is a sole trader or partnership, includes one or more of the forms of identification for a **residential customer** for each of the individuals that conduct the business.
 - (c) a **business customer** which is a body corporate, includes the body corporate's Australian Company Number or Australian Business Number.

Act means the Electricity Act 1996 (SA) and includes any statutory instrument made under that Act;

ADI means an authorised deposit taking institution within the meaning of the Banking Act 1959 (Cth) as defined in section 4 of the Legislation Interpretation Act 2021 (SA);

AEMO means the Australian Energy Market Operator Ltd (ACN 072 010 327);

best endeavours means to act in good faith and use all reasonable efforts, skill and resources;

billing cycle means the regular concurrent period for which a customer receives a bill from the licensee;

business customer means a customer who is not a residential customer:

business day means a day on which banks are open for general banking business in Adelaide, other than a Saturday or Sunday;

code means any **code** made by the **Commission** under section 28 of the Essential Services Commission Act 2002 (SA);

Commission means the Essential Services Commission established under the ESC Act;

connection means to form a physical link to the network;

connection point means the agreed point of supply between the **customer's** electrical installation and the **distribution network**;

customer means a customer as defined in the Act;

date of receipt means, in relation to the receipt by a customer of a notice given by the licensee:

- (a) in the case where the licensee hands the notice to the customer, the date the licensee does so;
- (b) in the case where the **licensee** sends a notice by facsimile or by email before 5.00pm on a **business day**, on that **business day**, otherwise on the next **business day**;

- (c) in the case where the **licensee** leaves the notice at the **customer's supply address**, the date the **licensee** does so;
- (d) in the case where the **licensee** gives the notice by post or, registered mail or lettergram, a date 2 **business days** after the date the **licensee** sent the notice.

disconnection warning means a notice in writing in accordance with clause 46.

distribution licence means a licence to operate a **distribution network** granted under Part 3 of the **Act**; **distribution network** has the meaning given to that term under the **Act**;

Electricity Distribution Code means the code of that name made by the **Commission** under section 28 of the **ESC Act** which regulates connections to a **distribution network** and the supply of electricity by distributors;

electricity entity means a person who has been granted a licence under Part 3 of the **Act** to carry on operations in the electricity supply industry;

electricity infrastructure means the electricity infrastructure used in connection with the operations, (but does not include an electrical installation);

Electricity Metering Code means the code of that name made by the **Commission** under section 28 of the **ESC Act** which regulates the installation, maintenance and testing of meters;

Electricity Transmission Code means the code of that name made by the **Commission** under section 28 of the **ESC Act**:

emergency means an emergency due to the actual or imminent occurrence of an event which in any way endangers or threatens to endanger the safety or health of any person, or the maintenance of power system security, in the State of South Australia, or which destroys or damages, or threatens to destroy or damage, any property in the state of South Australia;

ESC Act means the Essential Services Commission Act 2002 (SA);

generator means a holder of a licence to generate electricity granted under Part 3 of the Act;

good electricity industry practice means the exercise of that degree of skill, diligence, prudence and foresight that reasonably would be expected from operators of facilities forming part of a power system for the generation and distribution of electricity under conditions comparable to those applicable to the relevant facility consistent with applicable regulatory instruments, reliability, safety and environmental protection. The determination of comparable conditions is to take into account factors such as the relative size, duty, age and technological status of the relevant facility and the applicable regulatory instruments;

industry code means any code made by the **Commission** under section 28 of the **ESC Act** from time to time:

licensee means Cowell Electric Supply Pty Ltd (ACN 626 950 829);

material breach means a breach of a regulatory obligation in respect of which:

- (a) the **Commission** has written to the **licensee** and informed the **licensee** that the **Commission** considers a breach of the particular regulatory obligation to be material;
- (b) the **licensee** itself considers the breach to be material, having had regard to all relevant matters, including at least the following:

- (i) the impact of the breach on **customers**;
- (ii) whether the breach has a financial impact on **customers**;
- (iii) the number of **customers** affected;
- (iv) the potential and actual impact on safety and risk to the public.

meter means equipment to measure, record and, in certain cases, read records of the amount of electricity (active energy and/or reactive energy) supplied through a customer's connection point;

metering data has the meaning given to that term in the National Electricity Rules;

National Electricity Law means the National Electricity Law referred to in the National Electricity (South Australia) Act 1996 (SA);

National Electricity Rules has the meaning given to that term in the National Electricity Law;

Ombudsman Scheme means an ombudsman scheme, the terms and conditions of which are approved by the **Commission**;

prepayment meter system means a device, componentry, software or other mechanism associated with a metering installation at a customer's connection point which operates to permit the flow of electricity through the meter when activated by a card, code or some other method;

prescribed customer has the meaning given to that term in the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012 as amended from time to time;

quarterly means the period of days represented by 365 days divided by 4;

residential customers means a customer who acquires electricity for domestic use;

rule means any rule issued by the Commission under section 28 of the ESC Act;

security deposit means an amount of money or other arrangement acceptable to the **licensee** as a security against a **customer** defaulting on a bill;

supply address means:

- (a) the address for which a **customer** purchases electricity from a **licensee** where there is only one **connection point** at that address; or
- (b) where there is more than one **connection point** at the address, each **connection point** through which the **customer** purchases electricity from the same **licensee**.

supply interruption means an interruption in electricity supply affecting any **customer** and includes a **supply interruption** occurring as a result of:

- (a) an act or omission of another person; or
- (b) an outage,
- (c) but does not include:
- (d) in respect of a **customer**, an interruption in electricity supply in accordance with an interruptible supply contract with that **customer**; or
- (e) an interruption of supply rectified by an automatic fault clearing operation.

System Controller means the person licensed under Part 3 of the **Act** to exercise system control over a power system;

Technical Regulator means the person holding the office of Technical Regulator under Part 2 of the Act;

transmission licence means a licence to operate a **transmission network** granted under Part 3 of the Act;

transmission network has the meaning given to that term under the Act.

Part 2 - Interpretation

In this licence, unless the context otherwise requires:

- (a) headings are for convenience only and do not affect the interpretation of this licence;
- (b) words importing the singular include the plural and vice versa;
- (c) words importing a gender include any gender;
- (d) an expression importing a natural person includes any company, partnership, trust, joint venture, association, corporation or other body corporate and any governmental agency;
- (e) a reference to any statute, regulation, proclamation, order in council, ordinance or bylaw includes all statutes, regulations, proclamations, orders in council, ordinances or by-laws varying, consolidating, re-enacting, extending or replacing them and a reference to a statute includes all regulations, proclamations, orders in council, ordinances, by-laws and determinations issued under that statute;
- (f) a reference to a person includes that person's executors, administrators, successors, substitutes (including, without limitation, persons taking by novation) and permitted assigns;
- (g) a reference to a document or a provision of a document includes an amendment or supplement to, or replacement or novation of, that document or that provision of that document;
- (h) an event which is required under this licence to occur on or by a stipulated day which is not a **business day** may occur on or by the next **business day**; and
- (i) a reference to a person includes that person's executors, administrators, successors, substitutes (including, without limitation, persons taking by novation) and permitted assigns.

Schedule 2: Operation of prepayment meter systems for prescribed customers

1 Prepayment meter standard terms and conditions

1.1 The licensee must develop prepayment meter standard terms and conditions that comply with this schedule and be developed and approved in accordance with clause 28 of this licence, for the retailing of electricity to prescribed customers.

1.2 Definitions and interpretation

- 1.2.1 Words appearing in bold like **this** are defined in Part 1 of this schedule.
- 1.2.2 This schedule must be interpreted in accordance with the rules set out in Part 2 of Schedule 1.

1.3 Customer communication

- 1.3.1 If the **licensee** is required under this schedule or the **prepayment standard meter** terms and conditions to provide or issue any document, information, bill or notice to a **prescribed customer** and that **prescribed customer** has provided to the **licensee** an electronic mail address and consent for the **licensee** to access that electronic mail address, the **licensee**:
 - (a) may send or issue that document, information, bill or notice to that electronic mail address for that purpose unless otherwise required under this schedule or the prepayment meter standard terms and conditions
 - (b) must be capable of receiving notices by electronic mail from that **prescribed customer**, and
 - (c) must cease using that electronic mail address or the electronic mail format at the **prescribed customer's** request.
- 1.3.2 Unless otherwise specifically required under this schedule or the **prepayment meter** standard terms and conditions, a reference to writing includes electronic mail.
- 1.3.3 The **licensee** must revert to alternative means of communication where the electronic mail address provided by the **prescribed customer** indicates that the message has failed to deliver to the **prescribed customer**.

1.4 Accessible communications

- 1.4.1 The **licensee** must provide access to multi-lingual services for languages common to the **prescribed customer** base to meet the reasonable needs of its **prescribed customers**.
- 1.4.2 The licensee must provide access to its services using means common to the prescribed customer base to meet the reasonably practicable needs of prescribed customers with specific needs, such as needs related to low levels of literacy or disability or impairment (for example, providing pre-recorded information in a relevant language over the phone, audible options, closed captions and VoiceOver for website communications).

1.5 Written disclosure statement

- 1.5.1 A written disclosure statement must be provided to a **prescribed customer** in respect of **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions** and must include the following information:
 - (a) the date of commencement of the **prepayment meter standard terms and** conditions
 - (b) the current fees, charges and tariffs that will be applicable for the retailing of electricity under the **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions**
 - (c) all costs to the **prescribed customer** associated with entering into the **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions** including fees, charges and tariffs
 - (d) the method by which the **prescribed customer** will receive any State Government electricity concession to which they are entitled
 - the methods by which the prescribed customer can make payments to the prepayment meter system account and the locations of payment centres or recharge facilities
 - (f) the amount of **emergency credit** to be provided in the **prepayment meter system**
 - (q) protections available to **life support system customers**
 - (h) disconnection times and protected periods
 - (i) options in relation to payment difficulties and hardship
 - (j) support available to prescribed customers
 - (k) options related to the recovery of debt
 - (I) dispute resolution options which are available to **prescribed customers**
 - (m) details of any right conferred on the **prescribed customer** to rescind the **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions**, and
 - (n) contact details for the **licensee's prescribed customer** enquiry, complaints and emergency service.
- 1.5.2 The **licensee** must use its best endeavours to provide the written disclosure statement in a relevant language other than English if requested by a **prescribed customer**.

1.6 Provision of operating instructions and consumption information

- 1.6.1 The **licensee** must send within five business days, and at no charge, the following information on the use of the **prepayment meter system** to a **prescribed customer** who enters into **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions:**
 - (a) instructions on how to operate the **prepayment meter system** which are:

- (i) expressed in clear, simple and concise language, and
- (ii) in a format which makes it easy for a person not familiar with the operation of a **prepayment meter system** to understand
- (b) instructions on how to access the **emergency credit** facility of the **prepayment meter system**
- (c) instructions on how to obtain a refund of remaining credit when the prepayment meter standard terms and conditions are terminated
- (d) instructions on how and where payments to the **prepayment meter system** account can be made, and
- (e) the **licensee's** telephone number(s) for complaints, enquiries and emergencies.
- 1.6.2 The **licensee** must use its best endeavours to provide the operating instructions in a relevant language other than English if requested by a **prescribed customer**.
- 1.6.3 On request, the **licensee** must, at no charge, give a **prescribed customer** the following information relating to the **prescribed customer's supply address**:
 - (a) total electricity consumption;
 - (b) average daily consumption; and
 - (c) average daily cost of consumption

for the previous two years or since the commencement of the **prepayment meter** standard terms and conditions (whichever is the shorter) divided into quarterly segments.

1.7 Specification of fees and charges

1.7.1 A **prescribed customer** is only liable for charges (comprising distribution, retail and other charges relating to the sale and supply of electricity at the **prescribed customer's supply address**) specified and identified in this schedule (for example, **emergency credit** or **friendly credit**) or in the **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions**.

1.8 Limitation on the recovery of debt

- 1.8.1 Where a prescribed customer owes a friendly credit debt and/or emergency credit debt to the licensee, the licensee and the prescribed customer, or a third party acting on behalf of the prescribed customer, may make a payment splitting arrangement that adjusts the charges in the prepayment meter system to recover the amount of the debt.
- 1.8.2 In making a payment splitting arrangement under clause 1.8.1, the licensee:
 - (a) must take into consideration the prescribed customer's historical electricity usage and the prescribed customer's ability to pay and maintain electricity supply, and
 - (b) must make clear to the **prescribed customer**, or the third party acting on behalf of the **prescribed customer**, that any proportion under, and up to, 30% of the **prescribed customer's** top-up amounts may be used to pay down a **friendly credit** debt and/or **emergency credit** debt.

- 1.8.3 The **licensee** must maintain verifiable records of **payment splitting arrangements** made under clause 1.8.1 in a format which permits the **licensee** to answer any enquiries by the **Commission**, the **Industry Ombudsman** or any other entity permitted by an **applicable regulatory instrument** to access that information.
- 1.8.4 Where a **prescribed customer** owes a debt to the **licensee** that is not a **friendly credit** debt or an **emergency credit** debt, the **licensee** must not recoup that debt via a **payment splitting arrangement** and must offer the **prescribed customer** a fee free instalment plan, that can be paid using a **prepayment meter system**, that takes into account the **prescribed customer's** historical energy usage and capacity to pay.

1.9 Credit retrieval

1.9.1 The prepayment meter standard terms and conditions must explain how a prescribed customer can obtain a refund of any credit remaining in the prepayment meter system account when the prepayment meter standard terms and conditions are terminated or otherwise end.

1.10 Life support systems

- 1.10.1 If a **prescribed customer**, a **medical practitioner**, or an authorised third party acting on behalf of the **prescribed customer**, notifies the **licensee** that a person residing at the **supply address** requires a **life support system**, then the **licensee** must make immediate arrangements to:
 - (a) disable the **self-disconnection** feature of the **prepayment meter system** at no cost to the **prescribed customer**
 - (b) register the **supply address** as a **life support system** address and the date from which a **life support system** is required on a **life support register** developed and maintained by the **licensee**
 - (c) give the **prescribed customer** a faults and emergencies telephone contact number, and
 - (d) not arrange for the disconnection of that **supply address** while a person continues to reside at that address and requires the use of a **life support system**

pending receipt of appropriate medical confirmation and the determination of the application.

- 1.10.2 A prescribed customer who has been identified to the licensee as requiring a life support system must be provided with at least 50 business days to provide the licensee with the necessary medical confirmation. If the prescribed customer requests an extension to this time, the licensee must give the prescribed customer at least an additional 25 business days to provide the medical confirmation.
- 1.10.3 The following information is required for the purposes of medical confirmation:
 - (a) the prescribed customer's supply address
 - (b) the date from which the **prescribed customer** requires supply of electricity at the **supply address** for the purposes of the **life support system**, and

- (c) dated medical confirmation by a **medical practitioner** of the type/s of **life support systems** required at the relevant **supply address**, which must fall within the definition of **life support system**.
- 1.10.4 A medical certificate containing the information under clause 1.10.3 will meet the information requirements for medical confirmation.
- 1.10.5 Following receipt of medical confirmation that a person residing at the **prescribed customer's supply address** requires a **life support system**, the **licensee** must for as long as this person resides at the **supply address**:
 - (a) maintain the disablement of the **self-disconnection** feature of the **prepayment** meter system at no cost to the **prescribed customer**
 - (b) maintain the registration of the **supply address** as a **life support system** address and the date from which a **life support system** is required on a **life support register** developed and maintained by the **licensee**
 - (c) give the **prescribed customer** a faults and emergencies telephone contact number, and
 - (d) not arrange for the disconnection of that **supply address** while the person continues to reside at that address and requires the use of a **life support system**.

1.11 Cessation of requirement for life support system

- 1.11.1 The licensee may request that a prescribed customer whose supply address has been registered under clause 1.10 inform the licensee if the person for whom the life support system is required vacates the supply address or no longer requires the life support system.
- 1.11.2 The **licensee** may rely on written advice received from a **medical practitioner** or hospital that a **life support system** is no longer required at the **supply address** notwithstanding that a **prescribed customer** has not provided the information under clause 1.11.1.

2 Requirements for prepayment meter systems

2.1 Customer consultation

- 2.1.1 The **licensee** must establish, or belong to, a Prepayment Meter Customer Consultation Group with membership drawn from **prescribed customers** and South Australian consumer groups.
- 2.1.2 Information about the meetings and activities of the Prepayment Meter Customer Consultation Group must be detailed and maintained on the **licensee's** website.
- 2.1.3 The **licensee** must maintain its membership of the Prepayment Meter Customer Consultation Group while it operates a **prepayment metering system**.

2.2 Customer enquiries and complaints

2.2.1 The **licensee** must, prior to commencing to sell electricity to **prescribed customers** under **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions**, establish and maintain an enquiry, complaints and emergency telephone service to provide information, advice and assistance about the operation of the **licensee's prepayment meter system.**

2.3 System Display

- 2.3.1 The **prepayment meter system** must display:
 - (a) the financial balance of the **prepayment meter system**, accurate as to within \$1.00 of the actual balance:
 - (b) whether the **prepayment meter system** is operating in normal credit, **emergency credit** or **friendly credit** mode; and
 - (c) recent consumption information (for example, previous day, week and month) in both kW and dollars.

2.4 Disconnection times

- 2.4.1 The prepayment meter system must only disconnect supply to a prescribed customer during default disconnection times. Default disconnection times are between the hours of 10.00am and 3.00pm on weekdays except public holidays. Those times outside of default disconnection times are protected periods for the purposes of self-disconnection.
- 2.4.2 Where a **prescribed customer's emergency credit** is exhausted during a **protected period**, **friendly credit** must be made available to the **prescribed customer** until either the **prescribed customer** tops-up their **prepayment meter system** account balance or the **protected period** concludes.

2.5 Recommencement of supply

2.5.1 Where supply has been **self-disconnected** through the **prepayment meter system**, the **prepayment meter system** must be capable of recommencing supply as soon as information is communicated to the **prepayment meter system** that a payment to the **prepayment meter system** account has been made which brings the **prescribed customer's** balance into credit.

2.6 Emergency credit

2.6.1 The **prepayment meter system** must provide an amount of **emergency credit** not less than \$10 (or such other amount as is approved by the **Commission** from time to time).

2.7 Identifying disconnections

2.7.1 The **prescribed licensee's prepayment meter system** must be capable of identifying to the **licensee** every instance on which a **prescribed customer** has **self-disconnected** and the duration of that disconnection.

2.8 Payment difficulties and hardship

- 2.8.1 Where a **prescribed customer**, or a third party on behalf of the **prescribed customer**, informs the **licensee** in writing, in person or by telephone that the **prescribed customer** is experiencing payment difficulties, or the **licensee's prepayment meter system** identifies to the **licensee** in accordance with clause 2.7 that a **prescribed customer** has **self-disconnected** three or more times in any three-month period for longer than 240 minutes on each occasion, the **licensee** must contact the **prescribed customer** as soon as is reasonably practicable to:
 - (a) make reasonable enquiries to identify the reason(s) for the **self- disconnections**
 - (b) provide information about, and a general description of, the standard terms and conditions options available to the **prescribed customer**
 - (c) provide information about and referral to State Government assistance programmes
 - (d) provide current information on independent financial and other relevant counselling services, and
 - (e) provide general electricity efficiency advice and/or referral to an electricity efficiency advice service.

2.9 Recharge facilities, times and locations

- 2.9.1 The **licensee** must ensure that it has in place facilities for a **prescribed customer** to make payments in relation to the **prepayment meter system** account by at least one of the following methods, including outside of 9am to 5pm, Monday to Friday and when the customer has **self-disconnected**:
 - (a) by cash, at a minimum of two locations which are readily accessible to the prescribed customer, one of which is open between 9.00am and 5.00pm on any day of the week (including Saturdays, Sundays and public holidays (excluding Christmas Day)); or
 - (b) by a 24-hour, 7 days a week telephone service, using credit card, debit card, electronic funds transfer or any other telephone payment method which is acceptable to the **licensee** and agreed to by the **prescribed customer**, or
 - (c) by a 24-hour 7 days a week electronic or other payment method which is acceptable to the **licensee** and agreed to by the **prescribed customer**.
- 2.9.2 At least one recharge method must be free of any transaction, or other, fees.

2.10 Minimum Payment

2.10.1 The **licensee** must ensure the minimum amount that the **prescribed customer** can pay in relation to the **prepayment meter system** account is \$10.00 or less.

2.11 Variation of charges

- 2.11.1 A variation in the tariff rate or charge applying to a **prescribed customer** under the **prepayment meter standard terms and conditions**, may only be imposed if notice of new rates or charges is provided to the **prescribed customer** at least 60 **business days** before the variation takes effect.
- 2.11.2 Notice must be given in accordance with the method outlined in the **prepayment** meter standard terms and conditions.

2.12 System Testing

- 2.12.1 Where a **prescribed customer** requests that the whole or part of the **prepayment meter system** be checked or tested, the **licensee** must, within 24 hours, make arrangements for one or more of the following:
 - (a) a check of the metering data;
 - (b) a check or test of the prepayment meter system or
 - (c) a check or test by the **responsible person** for the meter installation at the **prescribed customer's connection point**.
- 2.12.2 If a **prepayment meter system** is found to be inaccurate or not operating correctly following a check or test undertaken in accordance with clause 2.12.1, the **licensee** must:
 - (a) correct any overcharging or undercharging in accordance with clauses 2.13 and 2.14
 - (b) make arrangements to replace or repair the **prepayment meter system** within 24 hours, and
 - (c) advise the **prescribed customer** of the existence of its dispute resolution processes available to the customer.
- 2.12.3 If a prepayment meter system is found to be accurate and operating correctly, the prescribed customer must pay the licensee the licensee's reasonable charge, as set out in the prepayment meter standard terms and conditions, for any checks or tests undertaken in accordance with clause 2.12.1.

2.13 Overcharging

- 2.13.1 Where a **prescribed customer** has been overcharged as a result of an act or omission of the **licensee**, the **licensee** must inform the **prescribed customer** of that overcharging within 10 **business days** of the **licensee** becoming aware of that overcharging and:
 - (a) ask the **prescribed customer** for instructions as to whether the amount should be:
 - (i) repaid to the **prescribed customer** or
 - (ii) added to the balance of the **prepayment meter system** account.
 - (b) where the licensee asks for instructions from a prescribed customer under

 (a) and no instructions are provided by the prescribed customer within
 20 business days, the licensee must add to the balance of the prepayment meter system account the amount overcharged to the prescribed customer.

2.14 Undercharging

- 2.14.1 Where the licensee has undercharged a prescribed customer as a result of an act or omission of the licensee, the licensee must inform the prescribed customer within 10 business days of becoming aware of that undercharging and at that time indicate the amount undercharged and whether or not it proposes to recover from the prescribed customer the amount undercharged.
- 2.14.2 Where the **licensee** proposes to recover an amount undercharged as a result of the **licensee**'s error, the **licensee** must:
 - (a) limit the amount to be recovered to the amount undercharged in the 12 months prior to informing the **prescribed customer** of the undercharging
 - (b) provide details and explanation of the amount to be recovered
 - (c) not charge the **prescribed customer** any interest on the amount, and
 - (d) offer the **prescribed customer** time to pay the amount undercharged, by agreed instalments, over a period nominated by the **prescribed customer** being no longer than the period during which the undercharging occurred (if the undercharging occurred over a period of less than 12 months) or in any other case 12 months.

2.15 Illegal Electricity Use

2.15.1 Despite clause 2.14, if the **licensee** has undercharged or not charged a **prescribed customer** as a result of the **prescribed customer's** fraud or intentional consumption of electricity otherwise than in accordance with **applicable regulatory instruments**, the **licensee** may estimate the consumption for which the **prescribed customer** has not paid and may charge the **prescribed customer** for all of the unpaid amounts by agreed instalments over a period nominated by the **licensee** being no shorter than the period during which the illegal energy use occurred.

Schedule 2 - Part 1 - Definitions

In this Schedule:

applicable regulatory instrument means any Act or regulatory instrument made under an Act, or any industry code, guideline or regulatory instrument issued by the **Commission** that applies to the **licensee**

business day means a day that is not a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday in the State of South Australia

Commission means the Essential Services Commission established under the Essential Services Commission Act 2002.

connection point means the agreed point of connection between a **prescribed customer's** electricity and the distribution network.

distributor means the holder of a licence to operate an electricity distribution network under the Electricity Act 1996

emergency credit means that credit that is available to a **prescribed customer** when their **prepayment meter system** account balance is exhausted

friendly credit is credit that is automatically used when a **prescribed customer's emergency credit** is exhausted during the **protected period**

Industry Ombudsman means the ombudsman appointed under the scheme approved by the **Commission** in accordance with the **licensee's** licence (as applicable).

life support customer means a **prescribed customer** who is a registered user of a **life support system** with the **licensee**

life support system means:

- (a) an oxygen concentrator, or
- (b) an intermittent peritoneal dialysis machine, or
- (c) a chronic positive airways pressure respirator, or
- (d) medically required heating or cooling (a **prescribed customer** must be eligible for the **medical heating and cooling concession** to be a **life support customer** under this definition), or
- (e) a nebuliser, or
- (f) a kidney dialysis machine, or
- (g) a ventilator for life support, or
- (h) other equipment as notified by the **Commission** from time to time.

medical heating and cooling concession means the South Australian Medical Heating and Cooling Concession Scheme provided by the Department of Human Services SA

medical practitioner means a person registered under the *Health Practitioner Regulation National Law* to practise in the medical profession (other than as a student)

metering data has the meaning given that term in the National Electricity Code

office holder means a director and/or secretary, or a person who makes or participates in making decisions that affect a substantial part of the business of the licensee, who has the capacity to significantly affect the corporation's financial standing and/or a person whose instructions the licensee's directors must act in accordance with (excluding advice given in a professional capacity or as part of a business relationship with the directors or the licensee)

payment splitting arrangement means an arrangement where a prescribed customer who owes an emergency credit debt and / or friendly credit debt to the licensee agrees to allow a proportion of each top-up amount to be used to pay down that debt

prepayment meter system means a device, componentry, software or other mechanism associated with a metering installation at a **prescribed customer's connection point** which operates to permit the flow of **energy** through the **meter** when activated by a card, code or some other method.

prepayment meter standard terms and conditions means standard terms and conditions between the licensee and a prescribed customer under which the prescribed customer purchases energy by means of a prepayment meter system

prescribed customer has the same meaning as is given to that term in regulation 17A of the Electricity (General) Regulations 2012

protected period means that period where a **prescribed customer** cannot experience **self-disconnection** in accordance with clause 2.4 of this schedule

responsible person has the meaning given to that term in the National Electricity Code

self-disconnection means the interruption to supply because a **prepayment meter system** has no credit available and includes an interruption to supply because the **prepayment meter system** has no **emergency credit** available

standard meter is a meter that operates as a post-payment meter

supply address has the meaning given to it in this licence.

ANNEXURE 1

Retail Services

LOCATIONS
Amata
Blinman
Cockburn
Glendambo
Indulkana
Iwantja
Kalka
Kaltjiti
Kanpi
Kingoonya
Mannahill
Marla
Marree
Mimili
Murputja
Nundroo
Nyapari
Oak Valley
Oodnadatta
Parachilna
Pipalyatjara
Pukatja
Umuwa
Watinuma
Yalata
Yunyarinyi

ANNEXURE 2

Distribution Networks

LOCATIONS
Iron Knob
Pimba
Oodnadatta
Parachilna
Marla
Marree
Nundroo
Glendambo
Kingoonya
Mannahill
Blinman
Cockburn
Lands under the care and control of the:
Anangu Pitjantjatara Yunkunytjatara
Maralinga Tjarutja, and Alegaining at Least a Track
Aboriginal Lands Trust
A distribution system comprising 11kV overhead power lines from

the Geodynamics Habanero geothermal power station in the Cooper Basin to the Innamincka township; and 11kV and 415V distribution

mains in the township of Innamincka

ANNEXURE 3

Generation Plant

LOCATIONS	MAXIMUM DIESEL/LPG CAPACITY	MAXIMUM SOLAR PHOTOVOLTAIC CAPACITY	MAXIMUM BATTERY STORAGE CAPACITY
Amata	1,500kW	N/A	N/A
Blinman	300kW	150kW	150kW
Glendambo	500kW	250kW	250kW
Kingoonya	300kW	150kW	150kW
Manna Hill	200kW	100kW	175kW
Maree	750kW	500kW	500kW
Marla	500kW	250kW	250kW
Murputja	750kW	250kW	250kW
Nundroo	500kW	250kW	250kW
Oak Valley	750kW	250kW	250kW
Oodnadatta	750kW	500kW	500kW
Parachilna	250kW	100kW	100kW
Pipalyatjara	1,000kW	500kW	500KW
Umawa	5,500kW	3,000kW	2,000kW
Yalata	1,250kW	750kW	750kW



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